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(54) Title: NOVEL PEPTIDES

(57) Abstract

Oligopeptides which comprise amino acid sequences that are recognized and proteolytically cleaved by free prostate specific antigen (PSA) are described. Also described are assays which comprise such oligopeptides useful for determining free PSA protease activity in vitro and in vivo. Therapeutic agents which comprise conjugates of such oligopeptides and known cytotoxic agents are also discribed.

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TITLE OF THE INVENTION NOVEL PEPTIDES

RELATED APPLICATION

The present patent application is a Continuation-in-Part application of copending application Serial No. 08/468,161, filed June 6, 1995, which itself is a Continuation-in-Part application of copending application Serial No. 08/404,833, filed March 15, 1995, which itself is a Continuation-in-Part application of copending application Serial No. 08/267,092, filed June 28, 1994.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

In 1994 cancer of the prostate gland is expected to be diagnosed in 200,000 men in the U.S. and 38,000 American males will die from this disease (Garnick, M.B. (1994). The Dilemmas of Prostate Cancer. Scientific American, April:72-81). Thus, prostate cancer is the most frequently diagnosed malignancy (other than that of the skin) in U.S. men and the second leading cause of cancer-related deaths (behind lung cancer) in that group.

Prostate specific Antigen (PSA) is a single chain 33 kDa glycoprotein that is produced almost exclusively by the human prostate epithelium and occurs at levels of 0.5 to 2.0 mg/ml in human seminal fluid (Nadji, M., Taber, S.Z., Castro, A., et al. (1981) Cancer 48:1229;Papsidero, L., Kuriyama, M., Wang, M., et al. (1981). JNCI 66:37; Qui, S.D., Young, C.Y.F., Bihartz, D.L., et al. (1990), J. Urol. 144:1550; Wang, M.C., Valenzuela, L.A., Murphy, G.P., et al. (1979). Invest. Urol. 17:159). The single carbohydrate unit is attached at asparagine residue number 45 and accounts for 2 to 3 kDa of the total molecular mass. PSA is a protease with chymotrypsin-like specificity (Christensson, A., Laurell, C.B., Lilja, H. (1990). Eur. J. Biochem. 194:755-763). It has been shown that PSA is mainly responsible for dissolution of the gel structure formed at ejaculation by proteolysis of the major proteins in the sperm entrapping gel, Semenogelin I and Semenogelin II, and fibronectin (Lilja, H. (1985). J. Clin. Invest.

76:1899; Lilja, H., Oldbring, J., Rannevik, G., et al. (1987). J. Clin. Invest. 80:281; McGee, R.S., Herr, J.C. (1988). Biol. Reprod. 39:499). The PSA mediated proteolysis of the gel-forming proteins generates several soluble Semenogelin I and Semenogelin II fragments and soluble fibronectin fragments with liquefaction of the ejaculate and release of progressively motile spermatoza (Lilja, H., Laurell, C.B. (1984). Scand. J. Clin. Lab. Invest. 44:447; McGee, R.S., Herr, J.C. (1987). Biol. Reprod. 37:431). Furthermore, PSA may proteolytically degrade IGFBP-3 (insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3) allowing IGF to stimulate specifically the growth of PSA secreting cells (Cohen et al., (1992) J. Clin. Endo. & Meta. 75:1046-1053).

PSA complexed to alpha 1 - antichymotrypsin is the predominant molecular form of serum PSA and may account for up to 95% of the detected serum PSA (Christensson, A., Björk, T., Nilsson, O., et al. (1993). J. Urol. 150:100-105; Lilja, H., Christensson, A., Dahlén, U. (1991). Clin. Chem. 37:1618-1625; Stenman, U.H., Leinoven, J., Alfthan, H., et al. (1991). Cancer Res. 51:222-226). The prostatic tissue (normal, benign hyperplastic, or malignant tissue) is implicated to predominantly release the mature, enzymatically active form of PSA, as this form is required for complex formation with alpha 1 antichymotrypsin (Mast, A.E., Enghild, J.J., Pizzo, S.V., et al. (1991). Biochemistry 30:1723-1730; Perlmutter, D.H., Glover, G.I., Rivetna, M., et al. (1990). Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 87:3753-3757). Therefore, in the microenvironment of prostatic PSA secreting cells the PSA is believed to be processed and secreted in its mature enzymatically active form not complexed to any inhibitory molecule. PSA also forms stable complexes with alpha 2 - macroglobulin, but as this results in encapsulation of PSA and complete loss of the PSA epitopes, the in vivo significance of this complex formation is unclear. A free, noncomplexed form of PSA constitutes a minor fraction of the serum PSA (Christensson, A., Björk, T., Nilsson, O., et al. (1993). J. Urol. 150:100-105; Lilja, H., Christensson, A., Dahlén, U. (1991). Clin. Chem. 37:1618-1625). The size of this form of serum PSA is similar to that of PSA in seminal fluid (Lilja, H., Christensson, A., Dahlén, U. (1991). Clin. Chem. 37:16181625) but it is yet unknown as to whether the free form of serum PSA may be a zymogen; an internally cleaved, inactive form of mature PSA; or PSA manifesting enzyme activity. However, it seems unlikely that the free form of serum PSA manifests enzyme activity, since there is considerable (100 to 1000 fold) molar excess of both unreacted alpha 1 - antichymotrypsin and alpha 2 - macroglobulin in serum as compared with the detected serum levels of the free 33 kDa form of PSA (Christensson, A., Björk, T., Nilsson, O., et al. (1993). J. Urol. 150:100-105; Lilja, H., Christensson, A., Dahlén, U. (1991). Clin. Chem. 37:1618-1625).

Serum measurements of PSA are useful for monitoring the treatment of adenocarcinoma of the prostate (Duffy, M.S. (1989). Ann. Clin. Biochem. 26:379-387; Brawer, M.K. and Lange, P.H. (1989). Urol. Suppl. 5:11-16; Hara, M. and Kimura, H. (1989). J. Lab. Clin. Med. 113:541-548), although above normal serum concentrations of PSA have also been reported in benign prostatic hyperplasia and subsequent to surgical trauma of the prostate (Lilja, H., Christensson, A., Dahlén, U. (1991). Clin. Chem. 37:1618-1625). Prostate metastases are also known to secrete immunologically reactive PSA since serum PSA is detectable at high levels in prostatectomized patients showing widespread metastatic prostate cancer (Ford, T.F., Butcher, D.N., Masters, R.W., et al. (1985). Brit. J. Urology 57:50-55). Therefore, a cytotoxic compound that could be activated by the proteolytic activity of PSA should be prostate cell specific as well as specific for PSA secreting prostate metastases.

Accordingly, it is the object of this invention to provide novel oligopeptides which selectively are enzymatically cleaved by active free prostate specific antigen (PSA).

It is also the object of this invention to provide a quantitative assay for enzymatically active PSA which incorporates those novel oligopeptides.

It is further the object of this invention to provide a novel anti-cancer composition useful for the treatment of prostate cancer which comprises those novel oligopeptides in conjugation with a cytotoxic agent.

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Another object of this invention is to provide a method of treating prostate cancer which comprises administration of novel anticancer composition.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The several points of cleavage where semenogelin I is selectively proteolytically cleaved by free PSA have been identified. Oligopeptides which comprise the amino acid sequences that are recognized and proteolytically cleaved by free prostate specific antigen (PSA) are described. Such oligopeptides are useful in assays which can determine the free PSA protease activity in vitro and in vivo. Furthermore, such oligopeptides may be incorporated into therapeutic agents which comprise conjugates of such oligopeptides and known cytotoxic agents and which are useful in the treatment of prostatic cancer.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

FIGURE 1: Primary Amin o Acid Sequence of Semenogelin I:
The primary amino acid sequence of Semenogelin I is shown.
(SEQ.ID.NO.: 1) The PSA proteolytic cleavage sites ("CS") are shown (numbered in order of the relative affinity of a site towards PSA hydrolysis) and the protein fragments are numbered sequentially starting at the amino terminus.

FIGURE 2: Cleavage Affinity of Synthetic Oligopeptides: A nested set of synthetic oligopeptides was prepared and the oligopeptides were digested with enzymatically active free PSA for various times. The results are shown in Table 2 (Figure 2). All of the oligopeptides were tested as trifluoroacetate salts.

FIGURES 3, 3A and 3B: Cleavage Affinity of Synthetic Oligopeptides: Synthetic oligopeptides were prepared and the oligopeptides were digested with enzymatically active free PSA for four (4) hours. The percentage of the oligopeptide that is cleaved in this period of time is

listed. The results are shown in Table 4 (Figures 3 and 3A). Table 4a (Figure 3B) shows the amount of time (in minutes) required for 50% cleavage of the noted oligopeptides with enzymatically active free PSA. If no salt is indicated for an oligopeptide, the free base was tested.

FIGURE 4: Cytotoxicity Data of Non-cleavable Oligopeptide-Doxorubicin Conjugates:

The data of the figure shows comparative cytotoxicity of doxorubicin and a conjugate of doxorubicin covalently bound to an oligopeptide (Compound 12d) that does not contain the free PSA proteolytic cleavage site. The EC50 for doxorubicin is 0.3µM, while the acetylated oligopeptide modified doxorubicin has an EC50 that has been reduced by greater than 300 fold. This conjugate had no HPLC detectable contamination with unmodified doxorubicin. The oligopeptide alone had no detectable cell killing activity.

FIGURES 5 and 5A: Cleavage Affinity of Oligopeptides in Conjugation with Doxorubicin by Free PSA In Vitro:

Oligopeptides-doxorubicin conjugates were prepared and the conjugates were digested with enzymatically active free PSA for four (4) hours. The percentage conjugate that is enzymatically cleaved in the oligopeptide in this period of time is listed. The results are shown in Table 5 (Figure 5). Table 5a (Figure 5A) shows the amount of time (in minutes) required for 50% cleavage of the noted oligopeptide-cytotoxic agent conjugates with enzymatically active free PSA. If no salt is indicated for the conjugate, the free conjugate was tested.

FIGURE 6: Cleavage Affinity of Oligopeptides in Conjugation with Doxorubicin in Cell Conditioned Media:

Oligopeptides-doxorubicin conjugates were reacted for four (4) hours with cell culture media that had been conditioned by exposure to LNCaP cells (which are known to secrete free PSA) or DuPRO cell (which do not secrete free PSA). The percentage conjugate that is enzymatically

cleaved in the oligopeptide in this period of time is listed. The results are shown in Table 6 (Figure 6).

FIGURES 7 and 7A: Cytotoxicity Data of Cleavable Oligopeptide-Doxorubicin Conjugates:

The data in Table 7 (Figures 7 and 7A) shows cytotoxicity (as EC50) of conjugates of doxorubicin covalently bound to an oligopeptide that contain a free PSA proteolytic cleavage site against a cancer cell line that is known to secrete free PSA. Also shown for selected conjugates is the cytotoxicity of the conjugate against a cell line (DuPRO) which does not secrete free PSA. If no salt is indicated for the conjugate, the free conjugate was tested.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to novel oligopeptides which are specifically recognized by the free prostate specific antigen (PSA) and are capable of being proteolytically cleaved by the enzymatic activity of the free prostate specific antigen or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof. Such oligopeptides include oligomers that comprise an amino acid sequence selected from:

- a) AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 13),
- b) LysIleSerTyrGlnlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 14),
- c) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnXaaSerIleTyrlSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 15),
- d) GlyLysGlyIleSerSerGlnTyrlSerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 2),
- e) AsnLysIleSerTyrTyrlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 127),
- f) AsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 128),

- g) SerTyrGln|SerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 129);
- h) LysTyrGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 140);
- i) hArgTyrGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 141);
- j) hArgChaGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 185); and
- k) TyrGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 186);

wherein hArg is homoarginine, Cha is cyclohexylalanine and Xaa is any natural amino acid.

In an embodiment of the instant invention, the oligopeptides include oligomers that comprise an amino acid sequence that is selected from:

- a) AsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 16),
- b) AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerAla (SEQ.ID.NO.: 130),
- c) AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 17),
- d) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 18),
- e) LysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 19),
- f) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnArgSerIleTyrlSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 4),
- g) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnSerSerIleTyrlSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 5),

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- h) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyrlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 131),
- i) AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 132),
- j) SerTyrGlnlSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 133),
- k) SerTyrGlnlSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 134),
- l) LysTyrGlnlSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 142),
- m) hArgTyrGlnlSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 143), and
- n) SerTyrGlnlSerSerLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 135);

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

In a more preferred embodiment of the instant invention, the oligopeptides include oligomers that comprise an amino acid sequence that is selected from:

- a) AsnLysIleSerTyrGln | SerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 10),
- b) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerAla (SEQ.ID.NO.: 136),
- c) AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.:3),
- d) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 11),
- e) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnArgSerIleTyrlSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 4),
- f) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyrlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 137),
- g) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyrlSerAla (SEQ.ID.NO.: 138),

- h) AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGln|SerAla (SEQ.ID.NO.: 139),
- i) AlaSerTyrGlnlSerSerLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 94);

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

In a further embodiment of the instant invention, the oligopeptides include oligomers that comprise an amino acid sequence that is selected from:

a) GlyArgLysAlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGluGluArgArg. LeuHisTyr GlyGluAsnGly (SEQ.ID.NO.: 6).

The phrase "oligomers that comprise an amino acid sequence" as used hereinabove, and elsewhere in the Detailed Description of the Invention, describes oligomers of from about 6 to about 100 amino acids residues which include in their amino acid sequence the specific amino acid sequence decribed and which are therefore proteolytically cleaved within the amino acid sequence described by free PSA. Thus, for example, the following oligomer:

GlnLeuAspAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrHisGlnSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 20)

comprises the amino acid sequence:

AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.:10) and would therefore come within the instant invention. It is understood that such oligomers do not include semenogelin I and semenogelin II.

It is also understood that the instant invention includes oligomers wherein the N-terminus amino acid or the C-terminus amino acid, or both terminus amino acids are modified. Such modifications include, but are not limited to, acylation of the amine group at the N-terminus and formation of an amide to replace the carboxylic acid at the C-terminus. Addition of such moieties may be performed during solid-phase synthesis of the oligomer; thus, attachment of the C-terminus amino acid to a solid phase resin may be through an amine which results

in an amide moiety upon acidic cleavage of the oligomer from the resin. Thus the following compounds are considered "oligomers that comprise an amino acid sequence" as used hereinabove and are meant to be illustrative and are not limiting:

AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 11) Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 70)

Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 11)

Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrLeu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 70)

Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerAlaSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 73)

Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerLysThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 74)

Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 75)

Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerGlnThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 78)

Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerAlaLysThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.:79)

Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 81)

Ac-AlaAsnLysSerTyrGlnlSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 82)

Ac-AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnlSerAlaSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 84)

Ac-AlaAsnGluIleSerTyrGln|SerAlaSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 85)

Ac-AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSer-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 16)

Ac-LysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSer-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 86)

Ac-SerTyrGlnlSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 87)

Ac-AlaSerTyrGlnlSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 89)

Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyrlSerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 92)

Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyrlSerAlaSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 93)

Ac-AlaSerTyrGlnlSerSerLeu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 94)

Ac-AlaAsnSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 95)

Ac-AlaSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 96)

Ac-SerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 97)

Ac-AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnlSerAlaSerCys-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 98)

Ac-hArg(Cha)GlnlSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 147)

Ac-hArghTyrGln|SerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 148)

Ac-hArgh(Cha)GlnlSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 149)

Ac-AlaAspLysAlaSerTyrGlniSerSer-Cha-NHNH2 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 150) Ac-hArgTyrGlnlSerSerPro-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 151) Ac-hArgTyrGlnlSerSerHis-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.:152) Ac-hArgTyrGln|SerAsn-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 153) Ac-hArgTyrGlnlSerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 154) Ac-(Amf)TyrGlnlSerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 155) H2NCO-hArgTyrGlnlSerSerSerLeu-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 156) Ac-AlaAspLysAlaLysTyrGln|SerSer(Cha)-NHNH2 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 157) Ac-(DPL)TyrGlnlSerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 158) Ac-(imidazole)LysTyrGlnlSerSerLeu-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 159) Ac-AlaAspLysAla(hArg)TyrGlnlSerSerLeu-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 160) Ac-(p-NH2-Cha)TyrGlnlSerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 161) Ac(imidazolyl)LysTyrGlnlSerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 162) Ac-hArg(Cha)GlnlSerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 163) Ac-hArgTyrGlnlSerSerSerhArg-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 164) Ac-hArgTyrGlnlSerSerSer(MeLeu) (SEQ.ID.NO.: 188) Ac-hArgTyrGlnlSerSerSer(Ethylester-Leu) (SEQ.ID.NO.: 156) Ac-AlaAspLysAla(imidazoleLys)TyrGln|SerSerNle-Acid (SEO.ID.NO.: 165) Ac-hArg(3-Iodo-Tyr)Gln|SerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 166) Ac-hArg(Me2PO3-Tyr)GlnlSerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 167) Ac-hArgTyrGlnlSerSerAsp-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 168) Ac-hArg(O-Me-Tyr)GlnlSerSerSerNle-Acid (SEO.ID.NO.: 169) Ac-AlaAspLysAlaLysTyrGlnlSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 170) Ac-hArg(Cha)GlnlSerSerSer(ethylester-Leu) (SEQ.ID.NO.: 171) Ac-(imidazolyl)Lys(Cha)Gln|SerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 172) Ac-hArg(Cha)Gln|SerSerSer-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 173) Ac-hArg(Cha)GlnlSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 174) Ac-hArg(Cha)GlnlSerProNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 175) and

Ac-hArg(m-fluoro-Tyr)GlnlSerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 176),

and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts.

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A person of ordinary skill in the peptide chemistry art would readily appreciate that certain amino acids in a biologically active oligopeptide may be replaced by other homologous, isosteric and/or isoelectronic amino acids wherein the biological activity of the original oligopeptide has been conserved in the modified oligopeptide. Certain unnatural and modified natural amino acids may also be utilized to replace the corresponding natural amino acid in the oligopeptides of the instant invention. Thus, for example, tyrosine may be replaced by 3-iodotyrosine, 2-methyltyrosine, 3-fluorotyrosine, 3-methyltyrosine and the like. Further for example, lysine may be replaced with N'-(2-imidazolyl)lysine and the like. The following list of amino acid replacements is meant to be illustrative and is not limiting:

Original Amino Acid	Replacement Amino Acid(s)	
Ala	Gly	
Arg	Lys, Ornithine	
Asn	Gln	
Asp	Glu	
Glu	Asp	
Gln	Asn	
Gly	Ala	
Ile	Val, Leu, Met, Nle	
Leu	Ile, Val, Met, Nle	
Lys	Arg, Ornithine	
Met	Leu, Ile, Nle, Val	
Ornithine	Lys, Arg	
Phe	Tyr, Trp	
Ser	Thr	
Thr	Ser	
Trp	Phe, Tyr	
Tyr	Phe, Trp	
Val	Leu, Ile, Met, Nle	

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Thus, for example, the following oligopeptides may be synthesized by techniques well known to persons of ordinary skill in the art and would be expected to be proteolytically cleaved by free PSA:

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AsnArgIleSerTyrGlnlSer
                           (SEQ.ID.NO.: 21)
AsnLysValSerTyrGiniSer
                           (SEQ.ID.NO.: 22)
AsnLysMetSerTyrGlnlSerSer
                               (SEQ.ID.NO.: 23)
AsnLysLeuSerTyrGln | SerSer
                               (SEQ.ID.NO.: 24)
AsnLysIleThrTyrGlnlSerSerSer
                                 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 25)
AsnLysIleSerPheGln|SerSerSer
                                 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 26)
AsnLyslleSerTrpGlnlSerSerSerThr
                                    (SEQ.ID.NO.: 27)
AsnLysIleSerTyrAsnlSerSerSerThr
                                    (SEQ.ID.NO.: 28)
AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlThrSerSerThr
                                    (SEQ.ID.NO.: 29)
AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSer
                          (SEQ.ID.NO.: 30)
GlnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSer
                             (SEQ.ID.NO.: 31)
AsnArgIleThrTyrGlnlSerSerSer
                                 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 32)
AsnArgIleSerPheGlnlSerSerSerThr
                                   (SEQ.ID.NO.: 33)
AsnArgIleSerTrpGlnlSerSerSerThr
                                   (SEQ.ID.NO.: 35)
AsnArgIleSerTyrGlnlThrSerSerThr
                                    (SEQ.ID.NO.: 36)
AsnLysIleThrTyrGlnlThrSerSerThr
                                    (SEO.ID.NO.: 37)
AsnLysLeuSerTyrGln|ThrSerSerThr
                                    (SEQ.ID.NO.: 38)
GlnLysLeuSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThr
                                    (SEQ.ID.NO.: 39)
AsnArgLeuSerTyrGlnlThrSerSerThr
                                     (SEQ.ID.NO.: 40)
AsnLysValSerPheGlnlSerSerSerThr
                                    (SEQ.ID.NO.: 41)
AsnArgValSerTrpGlnlSerSerSerThr
                                    (SEQ.ID.NO.: 42)
GlnLysValSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThr
                                    (SEQ.ID.NO.: 43)
GlnLysIleSerTyrGlnlThrSerSerThr
                                   (SEQ.ID.NO.: 34)
AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThr
                                   (SEQ.ID.NO.: 44);
```

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Similarly, the following oligopeptides may be synthesized by techniques well known to persons of ordinary skill in the art and would be expected to be proteolytically cleaved by free PSA:

GlyGluGlnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnSerSerIleTyrlSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 45),

 $GlyGluAsnGlyLeuGlnLysAspValSerGlnSerSerIleTyrlSerGlnThrGlu \ (SEQ.ID.NO.:\ 47)\ ,$

GlyGluAsnGlyValAsnLysAspValSerGlnSerSerIleTyrlSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 48),

GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnArgAspValSerGlnArgSerIleTyrlSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 49),

GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnLysSerIleTyrlSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 50),

GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspLeuSerGlnThrSerIleTyrlSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 51),

GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnSerSerIlePhelSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 52),

GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspMetSerGlnSerSerIleTyrlThrGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 53),

GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnArgSerIleTyrlThrGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 54),

GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnSerSerIleTyrlSerGlnSerGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 55),

GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnArgSerIleTyrlSerAsnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 56),

GlyLysAlaIleSerSerGlnTyrlSerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 57),

GlyArgGlyIleSerSerGlnTyrlSerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 59),

GlyLysGlyIleThrSerGlnTyrlSerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 60),

GlyLysGlyIleSerThrGlnTyrlSerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 61),

GlyLysGlyIleSerSerAsnTyrlSerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 62),

and the like.

AlaLysGlyIleSerSerGlnTyrlSerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 63),
GlyLysGlyIleSerSerGlnPhelSerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 64),
GlyLysGlyIleSerSerGlnTyrlThrAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 65),
GlyLysGlyIleSerSerGlnTyrlSerAsnSerGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 58), and
GlyLysGlyIleSerSerGlnTyrlSerAsnThrAspGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 46);

The inclusion of the symbol "I" within an amino acid sequence indicates the point within that sequence where the oligopeptide is proteolytically cleaved by free PSA.

The compounds of the present invention may have asymmetric centers and occur as racemates, racemic mixtures, and as individual diastereomers, with all possible isomers, including optical isomers, being included in the present invention. Unless otherwise specified, named amino acids are understood to have the natural "L" stereoconfiguration

The following abbreviations are utilized in the specification and figures to denote the indicated amino acids and moieties:

hR or hArg: homoarginine hY or hTyr: homotyrosine

Cha: cyclohexylalanine

Amf: 4-aminomethylphenylalanine

DPL: 2-(4,6-dimethylpyrimidinyl)lysine

(imidazolyl)K: N'-(2-imidazolyl)lysine

Me₂PO₃-Y: O-dimethylphosphotyrosine

O-Me-Y: O-methyltyrosine

TIC: tetrahydro-3-isoquinoline carboxylic acid

MeL: 2-keto-3-amino-5-methylhexane

DAP: 1,3-diaminopropane

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TFA: trifluoroacetic acid

AA: acetic acid

The invention also concerns a method for assaying proteolytic free PSA activity in a composition. This is an important aspect of the invention in that such an assay system provides one with the ability to measure quantitatively the amount of free PSA present in certain physiological fluids and tissues. Such an assay will also provide not only the ability to follow isolation and purification of free PSA, but also is a basis for a screening assay for inhibitors of the proteolytic activity of free PSA. The assay method generally includes simply determining the ability of a composition suspected of containing enzymatically active free PSA to proteolytically cleave the oligopeptide.

Typically, the assay protocol is carried out using one of the oligopeptides described hereinabove. However, one may find a particular benefit in construction of an assay wherein the oligopeptide containing the cleavage site is labeled so that one can measure the appearance of such a label, for example, a radioactive label, in both the uncleaved oligopeptide and the portion of the oligopeptide remaining after cleavage which contains the label.

The instant invention further relates to a method for identifying compounds (hereinafter referred to as candidate compounds) that will inhibit the proteolytic activity of free PSA. It is contemplated that this screening technique will prove useful in the general identification of any candidate compound that will serve such as an inhibitory purpose, whether or not the candidate compound is proteinaceous or peptidyl in structure.

Thus, the present invention is also directed to a method for determining the ability of a test substance to inhibit the proteolytic activity of free PSA, the method which comprises:

(a) reacting a substrate, wherein the substrate comprises a sequence of amino acids that is recognized and selectively proteolytically cleaved by free prostate specific antigen, with free prostate

- specific antigen in the presence of a test substance; and
- (b) detecting whether the substrate has been cleaved, in which the ability of the test substance to inhibit proteolytic activity of prostate specific antigen is indicated by a decrease in the cleavage of the substrate as compared to the cleavage of the substrate in the absence of the test substance.

The candidate screening assay is quite simple to set up and perform, and is related in many ways to the assay discussed above for determining proteolytic activity. Thus, after obtaining a relatively purified preparation of free PSA, one will desire to simply admix a test substance with the proteolytic preparation, preferably under conditions which would allow the PSA to perform its cleavage function but for inclusion of a inhibitory substance. Thus, for example, one will typically desire to include within the admixture an amount of a known oligopeptide having a PSA specific cleavage site, such as those oligopeptides described hereinabove. In this fashion, one can measure the ability of the test substance to reduce cleavage of the oligopeptide relatively in the presence of the test substance.

Accordingly, one will desire to measure or otherwise determine the activity of the free PSA in the absence of the added test substance relative to the activity in the presence of the test substance in order to assess the relative inhibitory capability of the test substance.

The instant invention also relates to novel anti-cancer compositions useful for the treatment of prostate cancer. Such compositions comprise the oligopeptides of the instant invention covalently bonded directly, or through a chemical linker, to a cytotoxic agent. Such a combination of an oligopeptide and cytotoxic agent may be termed a conjugate. Ideally, the cytotoxic activity of the cytotoxic agent is greatly reduced or absent when the oligopeptide containing the PSA proteolytic cleavage site is bonded directly, or through a chemical linker, to the cytotoxic agent and is intact. Also ideally, the cytotoxic activity of

the cytotoxic agent increases significantly or returns to the activity of the unmodified cytotoxic agent upon proteolytic cleavage of the attached oligopeptide at the cleavage site. While it is not necessary for practicing this aspect of the invention, a preferred embodiment of this aspect of the invention is a conjugate wherein the oligopeptide, and the chemical linker if present, are detached from the cytotoxic agent by the proteolytic activity of the free PSA and any other native proteolytic enzymes present in the tissue proximity, thereby releasing unmodified cytotoxic agent into the physiological environment at the place of proteolytic cleavage. Pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the conjugates are also included.

It is understood that the oligopeptide of the instant invention that is conjugated to the cytotoxic agent, whether through a direct covalent bond or through a chemical linker, does not need to be the oligopeptide that has the greatest recognition by free PSA and is most readily proteolytically cleaved by free PSA. Thus, the oligopeptide that is selected for incorporation in such an anti-cancer composition will be chosen both for its selective, proteolytic cleavage by free PSA and for the cytotoxic activity of the cytotoxic agent-proteolytic residue conjugate (or, in what is felt to be an ideal situation, the unmodified cytotoxic agent) which results from such a cleavage.

Because the conjugates of the invention can be used for modifying a given biological response, cytotoxic agent is not to be construed as limited to classical chemical therapeutic agents. For example, the cytotoxic agent may be a protein or polypeptide possessing a desired biological activity. Such proteins may include, for example, a toxin such as abrin, ricin A, pseudomonas exotoxin, or diphtheria toxin; a protein such as tumor necrosis factor, α-interferon, β-interferon, nerve growth factor, platelet derived growth factor, tissue plasminogen activator; or, biological response modifiers such as, for example, lymphokines, interleukin-1 ("IL-1"), interleukin-2 ("IL-2"), interleukin-6 ("IL-6"), granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor ("GM-CSF"), granulocyte colony stimulating factor ("G-CSF"), or other growth factors.

The preferred cytotoxic agents include, in general, alkylating agents, antiproliferative agents, tubulin binding agents and the like.

Preferred classes of cytotoxic agents include, for example, the anthracycline family of drugs, the vinca drugs, the mitomycins, the bleomycins, the cytotoxic nucleosides, the pteridine family of drugs, diynenes, the podophyllotoxins and the taxanes. Particularly useful members of those classes include, for example, doxorubicin, carminomycin, daunorubicin, aminopterin, methotrexate, methopterin, dichloro-methotrexate, mitomycin C, porfiromycin, 5-fluorouracil, 6-mercaptopurine, cytosine arabinoside, podophyllotoxin, or podophyllotoxin derivatives such as etoposide or etoposide phosphate, melphalan, vinblastine, vincristine, leurosidine, vindesine, leurosine, taxol and the like. Other useful cytotoxic agents include estramustine, cisplatin and cyclophosphamide. One skilled in the art may make chemical modifications to the desired cytotoxic agent in order to make reactions of that compound more convenient for purposes of preparing conjugates of the invention.

A highly preferred group of cytotoxic agents for the present invention include drugs of the following formulae:

THE METHOTREXATE GROUP OF FORMULA(1):

(1)

in which

R¹² is amino or hydroxy;

R⁷ is hydrogen or methyl;

R⁸ is hydrogen, fluoro, chloro, bromo or iodo;

R⁹ is hydroxy or a moiety which completes a salt of the carboxylic acid;

THE MITOMYCIN GROUP OF FORMULA (2):

(2)

in which

R¹⁰ is hydrogen or methyl;

THE BLEOMYCIN GROUP OF FORMULA (3)

in which R¹¹ is hydroxy, amino, C₁-C₃ alkylamino, di(C₁-C₃ alkyl)amino, C₄-C₆ polymethylene amino,

MELPHALAN OF FORMULA (4):

$$\begin{array}{c|c} HO_2\text{-}CH\text{-}CH_2 & & \\ I & \\ NH_2 & \\ \end{array}$$

6-MERCAPTOPURINE OF FORMULA (5):

A CYTOSINE ARABINOSIDE OF FORMULA (6):

THE PODOPHYLLOTOXINS OF FORMULA(7):

in which

R¹³ is hydrogen or methyl;

R¹⁴ is methyl or thienyl;

or a phosphate salt thereof;

THE VINCA ALKALOID GROUP OF DRUGS OF FORMULA (8):

in which

R¹⁵ is H, CH₃ or CHO; when R¹⁷ and R¹⁸ are taken singly;

R¹⁸ is H, and one of R¹⁶ and R¹⁷ is ethyl and the other is H or OH; when R¹⁷ and R¹⁸ are taken together with the carbons to which they are attached, they form an oxirane ring in which case R¹⁶ is ethyl;

R¹⁹ is hydrogen, (C₁-C₃ alkyl)-CO, or chlorosubstituted (C₁-C₃ alkyl)-CO;

DIFLUORONUCLEOSIDES OF FORMULA (9):

(9)

in which

R²¹ is a base of one of the formulae:

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in which

R²² is hydrogen, methyl, bromo, fluoro, chloro or iodo;

 R^{23} is -OH or -NH2;

R²⁴ is hydrogen, bromo, chloro or iodo;

or,

THE ANTHRACYCLINES ANTIBIOTICS OF FORMULA (10):

wherein

 R^1 is -CH₂OH₂, -CH₂OCO(CH₂)₃CH₃, or -CH₂OCOCH(OC₂H₅)₂;

 R^3 is -OCH₃, -OH or -H;

R⁴ is -NH₂, -NHCOCF₃, 4-morpholinyl, 3-cyano-4-morpholinyl, 1-piperidinyl, 4-methoxy-1-piperidinyl, benzylamine, dibenzylamine, cyanomethylamine, or 1-cyano-2-methoxyethyl amine;

R5 is -OH -OTHP or -H; and

R⁶ is -OH or -H provided that R⁶ is not -OH when R⁵ is -OH or -OTHP.

ESTRAMUSTINE (11)

CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE (12)

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The most highly preferred drugs are the anthracycline antiobiotic agents of Formula (10), described previously. One skilled in the art understands that this structural formula includes compounds which are drugs, or are derivatives of drugs, which have acquired in the art different generic or trivial names. Table 1, which follows, represents a number of anthracycline drugs and their generic or trivial names and which are especially preferred for use in the present invention.

Table 1

a	
	(11)
F—————————————————————————————————————	<i>\mathcal{L}</i>
2	CH3
	- -

<u>В6</u> Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н
RS OH OH OH OH OH H F3 OH
RC NH2 NH2 NH2 NH2 NH2 NH2 NH2 NH2 NH2
Rb OCH3 OCH3 OCH3 OCH3 OCH3 OCH3
Ra CH3 CH2OH CH2OCOCH(OC2H5)2 CH3 CH3 CH2OH CH2OH CH2OH CH2OH CH2OH
Compound daunorubicina doxorubicinb detorubicin carminomycin idarubicin epirubicin csorubicin THP AD-32

a"daunomycin" is an alternative name for daunorubicin b"adriamycin" is an alternative name for doxorubicin

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Of the compounds shown in Table 1, the most highly preferred cytotoxic agents are doxorubicin, vinblastine and desacetylvinblastine. Doxorubicin (also referred to herein as "DOX") is that anthracycline of Formula (10) in which R₁ is -CH₂OH, R₃ is -OCH₃, R₄ is -NH₂, R₅ is -OH, and R₆ is -H.

The oligopeptides, peptide subunits and peptide derivatives (also termed "peptides") of the present invention can be synthesized from their constituent amino acids by conventional peptide synthesis techniques, preferably by solid-phase technology. The peptides are then purified by reverse-phase high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC).

Standard methods of peptide synthesis are disclosed, for example, in the following works: Schroeder et al., "The Peptides", Vol. I, Academic Press 1965; Bodansky et al., "Peptide Synthesis", Interscience Publishers, 1966; McOmie (ed.) "Protective Groups in Organic Chemistry", Plenum Press, 1973; Barany et al., "The Peptides: Analysis, Synthesis, Biology" 2, Chapter 1, Academic Press, 1980, and Stewart et al., "Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, Pierce Chemical Company, 1984. The teachings of these works are hereby incorporated by reference.

The pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the compounds of this invention include the conventional non-toxic salts of the compounds of this invention as formed, e.g., from non-toxic inorganic or organic acids. For example, such conventional non-toxic salts include those derived from inorganic acids such as hydrochloric, hydrobromic, sulfuric, sulfamic, phosphoric, nitric and the like: and the salts prepared from organic acids such as acetic, propionic, succinic, glycolic, stearic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic, pamoic, maleic, hydroxymaleic, phenyl-acetic, glutamic, benzoic, salicylic, sulfanilic, 2-acetoxy-benzoic, fumaric, toluenesulfonic, methanesulfonic, ethane disulfonic, oxalic, isethionic, trifluoroacetic and the like.

The conjugates of the instant invention which comprise the oligopeptide containing the PSA cleavage site and a cytotoxic agent may similarly be synthesized by techniques well known in the medicinal chemistry art. For example, a free amine moiety on the cytotoxic agent may be covalently attached to the oligopeptide at the carboxyl terminus such that an amide bond is formed. Similarly, an amide bond may be formed by covalently coupling an amine moiety of the oligopeptide and a carboxyl moiety of the cytotoxic agent. For these purposes a reagent such as 2-(1H-benzotriazol-1-yl)-1,3,3-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (known as HBTU) and 1-hyroxybenzotriazole hydrate (known as HOBT), dicyclohexyl- carbodiimide (DCC), N-ethyl-N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)- carbodiimide (EDC), diphenylphosphorylazide (DPPA), benzotriazol-1-yl-oxy-tris-(dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluorophosphate (BOP) and the like, used in combination or singularly, may be utilized.

Furthermore, the instant conjugate may be formed by a non-peptidyl bond between the PSA cleavage site and a cytotoxic agent. For example, the cytotoxic agent may be covalently attached to the carboxyl terminus of the oligopeptide via a hydroxyl moiety on the cytotoxic agent, thereby forming an ester linkage. For this purpose a reagent such as a combination of HBTU and HOBT, a combination of BOP and imidazole, a combination of DCC and DMAP, and the like may be utilized. The carboxylic acid may also be activated by forming the nitrophenyl ester or the like and reacted in the presence of DBU (1,8-diazabicyclo[5,4,0]undec-7-ene.

The instant conjugate may also be formed by attachment of the oligopeptide to the cytotoxic agent via a linker unit. Such linker units include, for example, a biscarbonyl alkyl diradical whereby an amine moiety on the cytotoxic agent is connected with the linker unit to form an amide bond and the amino terminus of the oligopeptide is connected with the other end of the linker unit also forming an amide bond. Conversely, a diaminoalkyl diradical linker unit, whereby a carbonyl moiety on the cyctotoxic agent is covalently attacted to one of the amines of the linker unit while the other amine of the linker unit is covalently attached to the

C terminus of the oligopeptide, may also be uselful. Other such linker units which are stable to the physiological environment when not in the presence of free PSA, but are cleavable upon the cleavage of the PSA proteolytic cleavage site, are also envisioned. Furthermore, linker units may be utilized that, upon cleavage of the PSA proteolytic cleavage site, remain attached to the cytotoxic agent but do not significantly decrease the cytotoxic activity of such a post-cleavage cytotoxic agent derivative when compared with an unmodified cytotoxic agent.

One skilled in the art understands that in the synthesis of compounds of the invention, one may need to protect or block various reactive functionalities on the starting compounds and intermediates while a desired reaction is carried out on other portions of the molecule. After the desired reactions are complete, or at any desired time, normally such protecting groups will be removed by, for example, hydrolytic or hydrogenolytic means. Such protection and deprotection steps are conventional in organic chemistry. One skilled in the art is referred to Protective Groups in Organic Chemistry, McOmie, ed., Plenum Press, NY, NY (1973); and, Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis, Greene, ed., John Wiley & Sons, NY, NY (1981) for the teaching of protective groups which may be useful in the preparation of compounds of the present invention.

By way of example only, useful amino-protecting groups may include, for example, C_1 - C_{10} alkanoyl groups such as formyl, acetyl, dichloroacetyl, propionyl, hexanoyl, 3,3-diethylhexanoyl, γ -chlorobutryl, and the like; C_1 - C_{10} alkoxycarbonyl and C_5 - C_{15} aryloxycarbonyl groups such as tert-butoxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, allyloxycarbonyl, 4-nitrobenzyloxycarbonyl, fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl and cinnamoyloxycarbonyl; halo-(C_1 - C_{10})-alkoxycarbonyl such as 2,2,2-trichloroethoxycarbonyl; and C_1 - C_{15} arylalkyl and alkenyl group such as benzyl, phenethyl, allyl, trityl, and the like. Other commonly used amino-protecting groups are those in the form of enamines prepared with β -keto-esters such as methyl or ethyl acetoacetate.

Useful carboxy-protecting groups may include, for example, C1-C10 alkyl groups such as methyl, tert-butyl, decyl; halo-C1-C10 alkyl

such as 2,2,2-trichloroethyl, and 2-iodoethyl; C5-C15 arylalkyl such as benzyl, 4-methoxybenzyl, 4-nitrobenzyl, triphenylmethyl, diphenylmethyl; C1-C10 alkanoyloxymethyl such as acetoxymethyl, propionoxymethyl and the like; and groups such as phenacyl, 4-halophenacyl, allyl, dimethylallyl, tri-(C1-C3 alkyl)silyl, such as trimethylsilyl, β -p-toluenesulfonylethyl, β -p-nitrophenyl-thioethyl, 2,4,6-trimethylbenzyl, β -methylthioethyl, phthalimidomethyl, 2,4-dinitrophenylsulphenyl, 2-nitrobenzhydryl and related groups.

Similarly, useful hydroxy protecting groups may include, for example, the formyl group, the chloroacetyl group, the benzyl group, the benzhydryl group, the trityl group, the 4-nitrobenzyl group, the trimethylsilyl group, the phenacyl group, the tert-butyl group, the methoxymethyl group, the tetrahydropyranyl group, and the like.

With respect to the preferred embodiment of an oligopeptide combined with the anthracycline antibiotic doxorubicin, the following Reaction Schemes illustrate the synthsis of the conjugates of the instant invention.

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REACTION SCHEME I

REACTION SCHEME II

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REACTION SCHEME III

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{CH_3O} \\ \mathsf{CH_3O} \\ \mathsf{O} \\ \mathsf$$

REACTION SCHEME IV

REACTION SCHEME V

Reaction Scheme VI illustrates preparation of conjugates of the oligopeptides of the instant invention and the vinca alkaloid cytotoxic agent vinblastine. Attachment of the N-terminus of the oligopeptide to vinblastine is illustrated (S.P. Kandukuri et al. J. Med. Chem. 28:1079-1088 (1985)).

Reaction Scheme VII illustrates preparation of conjugates of the oligopeptides of the instant invention and the vinca alkaloid cytotoxic agent vinblastine wherein the attachment of vinblastine is at the Cterminus of the oligopeptide. The use of the 1,3-diaminopropane linker is illustrative only; other spacer units between the carbonyl of vinblastine and the C-terminus of the oligopeptide are also envisioned. Furthermore, Scheme VII illustrates a synthesis of conjugates wherein the C-4-position hydroxy moiety is reacetylated following the addition of the linker unit. Applicants have discovered that the desacetyl vinblastine conjugate is also efficacious and may be prepared by eliminating the steps shown in Reaction Scheme VII of protecting the primary amine of the linker and reacting the intermediate with acetic anhydride, followed by deprotection of the amine. Conjugation of the oligopeptide at other positions and functional groups of vinblastine may be readily accomplished by one of ordinary skill in the art and is also expected to provide compounds useful in the treatment of prostate cancer.

It is also understood that conjugates may be prepared wherein the N-terminus of the oligopeptide of the instant invention is covalently attached to one cytotoxic agent, such as vinblastine, while the C-terminus is simultaneously attached to another cytotoxic agent, which is the same or different cytotoxic agent, such as doxorubicin. Reaction Scheme VIII illustrates the synthesis of such a polycytotoxic agent conjugate. Such a polycytotoxic conjugate may offer advantages over a conjugate containing only one cytotoxic agent.

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REACTION SCHEME VI

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REACTION SCHEME VI (Continued)

wherein R is -NH $_{2}$, -O-alkyl and the like

REACTION SCHEME VII

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REACTION SCHEME VII (Continued)

wherein R' is acetyl, alkyl, hydrogen or the like

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REACTION SCHEME VIII

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REACTION SCHEME VIII (Continued)

The oligopeptide-cytotoxic agent conjugate of the instant invention wherein the cytotoxic agent is the preferred cytotoxic agent doxorubicin may be described by the general formula I below:

wherein:

oligopeptide is an oligopeptide which is specifically recognized by the free prostate specific antigen (PSA) and is capable of being proteolytically cleaved by the enzymatic activity of the free prostate specific antigen;

XL is absent or is an amino acid selected from:

- a) phenylalanine,
- b) leucine,
- c) valine,
- d) isoleucine,
- e) (2-naphthyl)alanine,
- f) cyclohexylalanine,
- g) diphenylalanine,
- h) norvaline,
- i) norleucine, and
- j) 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid;

R is hydrogen or $-(C=O)R^1$; and

R¹ is C₁-C₆-alkyl or aryl,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

In a preferred embodiment of the oligopeptide-cytotoxic agent conjugate:

oligopeptide is an oligomer that comprises an amino acid sequence selected from:

- a) AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 13),
- b) LysIleSerTyrGlnlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 14),
- c) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnXaaSerIleTyrlSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 15),
- d) GlyLysGlyIleSerSerGlnTyrlSerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 2),
- e) AsnLysIleSerTyrTyrlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 127),
- f) AsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 128),
- g) SerTyrGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 129),
- h) LysTyrGln|SerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 140);
- i) hArgTyrGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 141);
- j) hArgChaGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 185); and

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k) TyrGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 186);

wherein Xaa is any natural amino acid;

XL is absent or is an amino acid selected from:

- a) leucine,
- b) isoleucine,
- c) norleucine, and
- d) valine; and

R is acetyl, pivaloyl or benzoyl,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

The following compounds are specific examples of the oligopeptide-cytotoxic agent conjugate of the instant invention:

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wherein X is:

AsnLyslleSerTyrGlnSerSer— (SEQ.ID.NO.: 13),

AsnLyslleSerTyrGlnSerSerSer— (SEQ.ID.NO.: 16),

AsnLyslleSerTyrGlnSerSerSerThr— (SEQ.ID.NO.:17),

AsnLyslleSerTyrGlnSerSerSerThr— (SEQ.ID.NO.:10),

AsnLyslleSerTyrGlnSerSerSerThrGlu— (SEQ.ID.NO.: 3),

AlaAsnLyslleSerTyrGlnSerSerSerThrGlu— (SEQ.ID.NO.: 11),

N-terminus

Ac—AlaAsnLyslieSerTyrGinSerSerSerTh	(SEQ.ID.NO.: 117),
Ac — AlaAsnLysileSerTyrGlnSerSerSerThrLe	(SEQ.ID.NO.: 70),
Ac — AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnSerAlaSerThrLe	(SEQ.ID.NO.: 118),
Ac — AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnSerAlaSerLeu	.— (SEQ.ID.NO.: 119),
Ac AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnSerSerSerLe	(SEQ.ID.NO.: 120),
Ac — AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnSerSerLeu-	- (SEQ.ID.NO.: 121).
Ac — SerTyrGlnSerSerSerLeu —	(SEQ.ID.NO.: 144),
Ac — hArgTyrGlnSerSerSerLeu —	(SEQ.ID.NO.: 145).
Ac—LysTyrGlnSerSerSerLeu—	(SEQ.ID.NO.: 124), or (Compound 4)
Ac LysTyrGlnSerSerNle — N-terminus	(SEQ.ID.NO.: 146).

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Further examples of conjugates of an oligopeptide and doxorubicin wherein the N-terminus of the oligopeptide is acylated and the C-terminus of the oligopeptide is attached to the doxorubicin at the 3'-amine are as follows:

Ac-hArgTyrGln-SerSerPro-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 151) Ac-hArgTyrGln-SerPro-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 177) Ac-hArgTyrGln-SerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 154)

Ac-AmfTyrGln-SerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEO.ID.NO.: 155) H2NCO-hArgTyrGln-SerSerSerLeu-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 156) Ac-LysTyrGln-SerSerNle-dox(3') (SEO.ID.NO.: 146) Ac-LysTyrGln-SerLysNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 178) Ac(cis-p-NH2Cha)TyrGlnSerSerNledox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 161) Ac-AlaAspLysAla(hArg)TyrGln-SerSerLeu-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 160) Ac-hArgTyrGln-SerAsn-dox(3') (SEO.ID.NO.: 153) Ac-hArgTyrGln-SerSerHis-dox(3') (SEO.ID.NO.: 152) Ac-(imidazolyl)LysTyrGln-SerSerLeu-dox(3') (SEO.ID.NO.: 159) Ac-(imidazolyl)LysTyrGlnSerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEO.ID.NO.: 162) Ac-hArg(Cha)Gln-SerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 163) Ac-hArg(Me₂PO₃Tyr)Gln-SerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 167) Ac-hArgTyrGln-SerSerSerhArg-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 164) Ac-hArg(3-Iodo-Tyr)Gln-SerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 166) Ac-hArg(O-Me-Tyr)Gln-SerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEO.ID.NO.: 169) Ac-hArg(p-NH2-Phe)Gln-SerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 179) Ac-hArg(Cha)Gln-SerSerNle-dox(3') (SEO.ID.NO.: 174) Ac-hArg(Cha)Gln-SerProNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 175) Ac(imidazolyl)Lys(Cha)GlnSerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 172) Ac-hArg(7-HO-TIC)Gln-SerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEO.ID.NO.: 180) Ac-hArg(3-Fluoro)TyrGlnSerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEO.ID.NO.: 176) Ac-(ornithine)TyrGln-SerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 181) Ac-LysAlaAlaSerSerSerLeu-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 183) Ac-hArgh(Cha)Gln-SerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 149) Ac-AlaArgLysAlaSerTyrGln-SerLeu-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 193) and Ac-(Orn)TyrGln-SerSerSerLeu-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 194)

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

The oligopeptide-cytotoxic agent conjugate of the instant invention wherein the cytotoxic agent is the preferred cytotoxic agent vinblastine or desacetylvinblastine may be described by the general formula I below:

wherein:

oligopeptide is an oligopeptide which is specifically recognized by the free prostate specific antigen (PSA) and is capable of being proteolytically cleaved by the enzymatic activity of the free prostate specific antigen;

XL is absent or is an amino acid selected from:

- a) phenylalanine,
- b) leucine,
- c) valine,
- d) isoleucine,
- e) (2-naphthyl)alanine,
- f) cyclohexylalanine,
- g) diphenylalanine,
- h) norvaline,
- i) norleucine, and
- j) 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid; or

XL is - NH - $(CH_2)_n$ - NH -

R is hydrogen or $-(C=O)R^1$;

R¹ is C₁-C₆-alkyl or aryl;

R¹⁹ is hydrogen or acetyl; and

n is 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

The following compounds are specific examples of the oligopeptide-desacetylvinblastine conjugate of the instant invention:

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

The following compounds is a specific example of the polycytotoxic agent conjugates of the instant invention:

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

It is well known in the art, and understood in the instant invention, that peptidyl therapeutic agents such as the instant oligopeptide-cytotoxic agent conjugates preferably have the terminal amino moiety of any oligopeptide substituent protected with a suitable protecting group, such as acetyl, benzoyl, pivaloyl and the like. Such protection of the terminal amino group reduces or eliminates the enzymatic degradation of such peptidyl therapeutic agents by the action

of exogenous amino peptidases which are present in the blood plasma of warm blooded animals.

The oligopeptide-cytotoxic agent conjugates of the invention are administered to the patient in the form of a pharmaceutical composition which comprises a conjugate of Formula (I) and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, excipient or diluent therefor. As used, "pharmaceutically acceptable" refers to those agents which are useful in the treatment or diagnosis of a warm-blooded animal including, for example, a human, equine, procine, bovine, murine, canine, feline, or other mammal, as well as an avian or other warm-blooded animal. The preferred mode of administration is parenterally, particularly by the intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous, intraperitoneal, or intralymphatic route. Such formulations can be prepared using carriers, diluents or excipients familiar to one skilled in the art. In this regard, See, e.g. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 16th ed., 1980, Mack Publishing Company, edited by Osol et al. Such compositions may include proteins, such as serum proteins, for example, human serum albumin, buffers or buffering substances such as phosphates, other salts, or electrolytes, and the like. Suitable diluents may include, for example, sterile water, isotonic saline, dilute aqueous dextrose, a polyhydric alcohol or mixtures of such alcohols, for example, glycerin, propylene glycol, polyethylene glycol and the like. The compositions may contain preservatives such as phenethyl alcohol, methyl and propyl parabens. thimerosal, and the like. If desired, the composition can include about 0.05 to about .20 percent by weight of an antioxidant such as sodium metabisulfite or sodium bisulfite.

For intravenous administration, the composition preferably will be prepared so that the amount administered to the patient will be from about .01 to about 1 g of the conjugate. Preferably, the amount administered will be in the range of about .2 g to about 1 g of the conjugate. The conjugates of the invention are effective over a wide dosage range depending on factors such as the disease state to be treated or the biological effect to be modified, the manner in which the conjugate is administered, the age, weight and condition of the patient as well as

other factors to be determined by the treating physician. Thus, the amount administered to any given patient must be determined on an individual basis.

One skilled in the art will appreciate that although specific reagents and reaction conditions are outlined in the following examples, modification can be made which are meant to be encompassed by the spirit and scope of the invention. The following preparations and examples, therefore, are provided to further illustrate the invention, and are not limiting.

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1

Identification of the Semenogelin PSA Mediated Cleavage Site

Liquefaction of the seminal gel parallels proteolytic fragmentation of semenogelin I [Lilja, H., Laurell, C.B., (1984) Scand. J. Clin. Lab. Inves. 44, 447-452]. It is believed that the proteolytic fragmentation of semenogelin is mainly due to the proteolytic activity of prostate-specific antigen [Lilja, H., (1985) J. Clin. Invest. 76, 1899-1903]. Utilizing the published sequence of semenogelin I [Lilia, H., Abrahamsson, P.A., Lundwall, A., (1989) J. of Biol. Chem. 264, 1894-1900] (Figure 1) we designed polymerase chain reaction primers to clone the semenogelin cDNA from a commercially available prostatic cDNA library (Clone-tech, Palo Alto, CA.). The purified semenogelin cDNA was placed into the bacterial expression vector pTAC [Linemeyer, D.L., Kelly, L.J., Minke, J.G., Gimenez-Gallego, G., DeSalvo, J. and Thomas, K.A., (1987) Bio/Technology 5, 960-965]. The semenogelin cDNA was designed so that a tubulin epitope was placed at the carboxyl end of semenogelin protein.. The bacterially expressed semenogelin protein was purified on an anti-tubulin antibody column. The purified semenogelin I protein was mixed with commercially prepared prostate-specific antigen (PSA) (York Biologicals International, Stony Brook, NY) in an 100 to 1 molar ratio (semenogelin L/PSA) in 12 mM Tris pH 8.0, 25 mM NaCl, 0.5 mM CaC12, and incubated for various times. The digest was fractionated by polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and transferred by electrophoresis to ProBlott filter paper (Applied Biosystems, Inc., Foster City, CA.) in CAPS buffer [Matsudaira, P., (1987) J. Biol. Chem. 252, 10035-10038]. The ProBlott filter paper was stained with coomassie blue to identify the novel PSA generated semenogelin I protein fragments. The novel fragments were cut out of the filter with a scalpel and submitted for sequence determination. After the proteolytic fragments were identified by variable time digestion, a 10 minute digestion reaction was performed. The affinity of PSA for the 5 potential cleavage sites in semenogelin I was determined to be as follows: site 349/350 > site 375/376 > site 289/290 = site 315/316 > site 159/160. The relative affinities were derived from the comassie blue staining intensity of each PSA generated peptide fragment. These intensities had approximate ratios of 3:1:0.6:0.3.

EXAMPLE 2

Preparation of Oligopeptides which Comprise the PSA Mediated Cleavage Site

Oligopeptides were prepared by solid-phase synthesis, using a double coupling protocol for the introduction of amino acids on the Applied Biosystems model 430A automated peptide synthesizer. Deprotection and removal of the oligopeptide from the resin support were achieved by treatment with liquid hydrofluoric acid. The oligopeptides were purified by preparative high pressure liquid chromatography on reverse phase C18 silica columns using an aqueous 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid/acetonitrile gradient. Identity and homogeneity of the oligopeptides were confirmed by amino acid composition analysis, high pressure liquid chromatography, and fast atom bombardment mass spectral analysis. The oligopeptides that were prepared by this method are shown in Figure 2.

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EXAMPLE 3

Assessment of the Recognition of Oligopeptides by Free PSA

The oligopeptides prepared as described in Example 2 were individually dissolved in PSA digestion buffer (12 mM tris(hydroxymethyl)-aminomethane pH8.0, 25 mM NaCl, 0.5 mM CaCl₂) and the solution added to PSA at a molar ration of 100 to 1. The reaction is quenched after various reaction times by the addition of trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) to a final 1% (volume/volume). The quenched reaction was analyzed by HPLC on a reversed-phase C18 column using an aqueous 0.1%TFA/acetonitrile gradient. The results of the assessment are shown in Figure 2. Other oligopeptides prepared as described in Example 2 were tested in the same assay wherein the reaction was quenched at 4 hours. Those results of the assessment are shown in Figure 3. The removal of an asparagine residue from the amino terminus of the oligopeptide results in a significant loss of PSA mediated peptide hydrolysis, while the presence of a glutamic acid residue at the carboxyl end of the peptide appears not to be essential to recognition by PSA.

EXAMPLE 4

Preparation of Non-cleavable Oligopeptide-Doxorubicin Conjugates

The derivatives of doxorubicin shown in Table 3 were prepared using the following general reaction: To a mixture of doxorubicin (Sigma) and the corresponding peptide (prepared by solid phase synthesis or commercially available (Sigma)) in DMSO was added HBTU and HOBT along with diisopropylethylamine and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight. The crude reaction mixture was purified directly by preparative HPLC on a reversed-phase C-18 column using a 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) in acetonitrile/0.1% TFA in water gradient.

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Table 3

Compound	<u>R</u>	MS (parent ion)
12a	H-Ala-	615
12b	N-Ac-Ala-	657
12c	N-Ac-Ala-Ala-	799.5
12d	N-Ac-Ala-Gly-Pro-Thr-Gly-Ala-Ser-	1199
	Ala-	

(SEQ.ID.NO.: 12)

EXAMPLE 5

In vitro Assay of Cytotoxicity of Peptidyl Derivatives of Doxorubicin

The cytotoxicities of the non-cleaveable oligopeptide-doxorubicin conjugates, prepared as described in Example 4, against a line of cells which is known to be killed by unmodified doxorubicin were assessed with an Alamar Blue assay. Specifically, cell cultures of LNCaP prostate tumor cells, which are a human metastatic prostate adenocarcinoma isolated from a needle biopsy of a lymph node (LNCaP.FGC: American Type Culture Collection, ATCC CRL 1740), or DuPRO cells in 96 well plates were diluted with medium containing various concentrations of a given conjugate (final plate well volume of

200µl). The cells were incubated for 3 days at 37°C and then 20µl of Alamar Blue was added to the assay well. The cells were further incubated and the assay plates were read on a EL-310 ELISA reader at the dual wavelengths of 570 and 600 nm at 4 and 7 hours after addition of Alamar Blue. Relative percentage viability at the various concentration of conjugate tested was then calculated versus control (no conjugate) cultures. Cytotoxicities of unmodified doxorubicin and unmodified oligopeptide were also assessed. Figure 3 shows the cytotoxicity data for a representative compound (Compound 12d).

EXAMPLE 6

Assessment of Enzymatically Active PSA from LNCaP Cells

Enzymatic activity was demonstrated by incubating LNCaP serum free media (concentrated approximately 200 fold) with recombinant Sememogelin I protein. Approximately 0.5 µg of immunologically reactive PSA in concentrated conditioned media [determined by HYBRIDTECH (Tandem E) elisa] was mixed with approximately 3 µg of recombinant Semenogelin I and incubated for 4 hours at 37°C. At the end of the incubation, the digest mixture was analyzed by Western blot procedures. The results show that purified PSA from semen and PSA from LNCaP conditioned media generate identical proteolytic maps of the recombinant Semenogelin I protein. Thus, LNCap cells produce enzymatically active PSA. LNCaP are tumorigenic in nude mice and produce detectable levels of circulating PSA.

EXAMPLE 7

Preparation of Cleavable Oligopeptide-Doxorubicin Conjugates

The derivatives of doxorubicin wherein an oligopeptide which is proteolytically cleaved by free PSA is covalently attached to the amine of the sugar moiety of the doxorubicin were prepared using the following general reaction: To a mixture of doxorubicin (Sigma) and the

corresponding peptide (prepared by solid phase synthesis as described in Example 2) in DMSO was added HBTU and HOBT along with diisopropylethylamine and the reaction mixture stirred overnight. The crude reaction mixture was purified directly by preparative HPLC on a reversed-phase C-18 column using a 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) in acetonitrile/0.1% TFA in water gradient. When reactive amine moieties were present on the peptide, such a functionality was typically protected as the fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl adduct, which was removed by treatment with a secondary amine, such as piperidine and the like, subsequent to conjugation with doxirubicin. The instant conjugates have a structure of the general formula

and may be represented by the phrase "Ac-peptide-DOX (3')." Conjugates which were prepared by the above general method or by the synthetic route described in Example 8, but utilizing the appropriate starting amino acid residues which are readily available commercially or by synthetic techniques well known in the art, are listed in Tables 5, 5a and 7 in Figures 5, 5A and 7.

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EXAMPLE 8

Ac-Lys-Tyr-Gln-Ser-Ser-Leu-Dox•Acetate

Step A: Ac-Lys(Fmoc)-Gln-Ser(Bzl)-Ser(Bzl)-Ser(Bzl)-Leu-PAM
Resin (1).

Starting with 0.5 mmol (0.67g) Boc-Leu-PAM resin, the protected peptide was synthesized on a 430A ABI peptide synthesizer. The protocol used a 4 fold excess (2 mmol) of each of the following protected amino acids: Boc-Ser(OBzl), Boc-Gln, Boc-Tyr(BrZ), Boc-Lys(Fmoc). Coupling was achieved using DCC and HOBT activation in methyl-2-pyrrolidinone. Acetic acid was used for the introduction of the N terminal acetyl group. Removal of the Boc group was performed using 50% TFA in methylene chloride and the TFA salt neutralized with diisopropylethylamine. At the completion of the synthesis, the peptide resin was dried to yield 1.3g of (1).

Step B: Ac-Lys(Fmoc)-Tyr-Gln-Ser-Ser-Leu-OH (2).

The protected peptide resin (1), 1.3 g, was treated with HF (20 ml) for 2 hrs at 0°C in the presence of anisole (2 ml). After evaporation of the HF, the residue was washed with ether, filtered and extracted with DMF. The DMF filtrate (75 ml) was concentrated to dryness and triturated with H₂O. The insoluble product (2) was filtered

Step C: Ac-Lys(Fmoc)-Tyr-Gln-Ser-Ser-Leu-Dox (3)

and dried (0.46g).

The above prepared intermediate (2), 0.46g, (0.43 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (15 ml) and doxorubicin hydrochloride, 125 mg (0.215 mmol), added followed by 60 μ l of triethylamine (0.430 mmol). The stirred solution was cooled (0°C) and 92 μ l of diphenylphosphoryl azide (0.43 mmol) added. After 5 minutes, an additional 92 μ l of DPPA was added and the pH adjusted to ~7.5 (pH paper) with TEA. After 1 hour, an additional 92 μ l of DPPA was added, pH adjusted to ~7.5, and the reaction stirred at 0°-5°C overnight. After 18 hours, the reaction

(found to be complete by analytical HPLC) was concentrated to an oil (3).

Step D: Ac-Lys-Gln-Tyr-Ser-Ser-Leu-Dox (4).

The above product (3) was dissolved in DMF (20 ml), cooled (0°C) and 10 ml of piperidine added. The solution was concentrated to dryness and purified by preparative HPLC. Buffer A = 15% acetic acid-H₂O; B = 15% acetic acid-methanol. The crude product was dissolved in 300 ml of 10% B/90% A buffer, filtered and purified on a C-18 reverse phase HPLC radial compression column (Waters, Delta-Pak 15 μ m, 300Å). A step gradient of 10% B to 60% B was used at a flow rate of 75 ml/min (uv = 260 nm). Homogeneous product fractions were pooled, concentrated and freeze-dried from H₂O to yield 125 mg of purified product (4).

EXAMPLE 9

Deacetylvinblastinyl-Leu-Asn-Lys-Ala-Ser-Try-Gln-Ser-Ser-Leu-NH2•Acetate (5) (SEO.ID.NO. 184)

Step A: NH2 - Leu-Asn-Lys(Fmoc)-Ala-Ser-Tyr-Gln-Ser-Ser-Leu-Amide (6)

Starting with 0.5 mmol of p-methylbenzhydrylamine resin (MBHA), the protected peptide, NH2-Leu-Asn-Lys(Fmoc)-Ala-Ser(OBzl)-Tyr(BrZ)-Gln-Ser(OBzl)-Ser(OBzl)-Ser(OBzl)-Leu-MBHA, intermediate was synthesized on a 430A ABI peptide synthesizer. The protocol used a 4 fold excess (2 mmol) of each of the following protected amino acids: Boc-Leu, Boc-Asn, Boc-Lys (Fmoc), Boc-Ala, Boc-Ser(OBzl), Boc-Tyr(BrZ), Boc-Gln. Coupling was achieved using DCC and HOBT activation in N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (NMP).

Removal of the Boc group was performed using 50% TFA in methylene chloride and the TFA salt neutralized with diisopropylethylamine. The dried protected peptide resin (1.80g) was

treated with HF (20 ml) for 2 hrs at 0° C in the presence of anisole (2 ml). After evaporation, the residue was extracted with DMF. The DMF filtrate (75 ml) was concentrated to dryness, dissolved in a 1:1 mixture of acetonitrile-H₂O and freeze-dried to give 750 mg of crude product. A portion (200 mg) was purified by preparative HPLC on a C-18 reverse phase support (Waters, μ -Bondapak). Buffer A = 15% acetic acid-H₂O; B = 15% acetic acid-methanol. For the purification, the crude product was suspended in 400 ml of 10% B/90% A buffer, filtered and the filtrate loaded onto the column. A step gradient of 10% B to 55% B was used at a flow rate of 75 ml/min. Homogeneous product fractions were pooled, concentrated and freeze-dried from H₂O to yield (6).

Step B: Deacetylvinblastin Monohydrazide (7)

lg of vinblastine sulfate was converted to the amine form by extraction in methylene chloride and saturated sodium bicarbonate. The methylene chloride layer was washed with H₂O, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄ and concentrated to dryness. The vinblastine was then dissolved in anhydrous ethanol (20 ml) and anhydrous hydrazine added (20 ml). The solution was heated (60° C) under an N₂ atmosphere for 17 hrs. The reaction was concentrated to an oil, dissolved in methylene chloride, extracted with H₂O and dried over MgSO₄. After evaporation compound (7) was isolated. [Ref: K.S.P. Bhushana Rao et al., J. Med. Chem. (1985), 28:1079.]

Step C: Deacetylvinblastine Acid Azide (8).

Deacetylvinblastine monohydrazide (7) (48 mg, 0.0624 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (3 ml), cooled (-15° C) and acidified to ~ 2.5 (pH paper) with HCl/dioxane. Isoamylnitrite (10 μ l) was added followed by an additional 10 μ l after 10 min. HPLC analysis indicated complete conversion of the hydrazide to azide after 5 min. The azide was maintained in solution at -15° C until ready for use.

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Step D: Deacetylvinblastinyl-Leu-Asn-Lys-Ala-Ser-Try-Gln-Ser-Ser-Leu-NH2•Acetate (5)

The oligopeptide product (6) from Step A, 32 mg (0.0225 mmol), was dissolved in DMF (1 ml) and cooled (-15° C). To this solution was added a 1.5 ml DMF solution (0.031 mmol) of desacetylvinblastine acid azide (8). The pH was adjusted to ~ 7.5 (pH paper) with triethylamine and the reaction stirred at -5° C (2 hr), and 0° C for 18 hr. To the reaction was added H2O (2 ml) and the solution evaporated to dryness. The intermediate was dissolved in DMF (4 ml), cooled (0° C) and 2 ml of piperidine added. The solution was concentrated to dryness and purified by preparative HPLC as described in Step A. The homogeneous fractions were pooled, concentrated and freeze-dried from H2O to yield (5).

EXAMPLE 10

Deacetylvinblastinyl-Leu-Asn-Lys-Ala-Ser-Try-Gln-Ser-Ser-Leu-Dox •Acetate (10).

Step A: Deacetylvinblastinyl-Leu-Asn-Lys(Fmoc)-Ala-Ser-Try-Gln-Ser-Ser-Leu-Dox •Acetate (9)

The oligopeptide product (6) prepared as described in Example 9, Step A, (166 mg, 0.125 mmol), was dissolved in DMSO (3 ml) and cooled to -15° C. To this solution was added a DMF solution (0.125 mmol) of desacetylvinblastine acid azide (8) prepared as described in Example 9, Step C. The pH was adjusted to ~ 7.5 (pH paper) with triethylamine and the reaction stirred at -15° C for 90 mins.

After stirring 18 hours at 0-5° C, the reaction was concentrated to dryness and the crude residue was dissolved in DMF (10 ml) and filtered. Doxorubicin hydrochloride, 62 mg (0.106 mmol), was added to the filtrate followed by 30 μ l of triethylamine. The stirred solution was cooled (0°C) and 27 μ l of diphenylphosphoryl azide (DPPA, 0.134 mmol) added. After 5 minutes, an additional 27 μ l of DPPA was added and the pH

adjusted to ~7.5 (pH paper) with TEA. After 1 hour, an additional 27 μ l of DPPA was added, pH adjusted to ~7.5, and the reaction stirred at 0°-5°C overnight. After 18 hours, the reaction (found to be complete by analytical HPLC) was concentrated to an oil (9).

Step B: Deacetylvinblastinyl-Leu-Asn-Lys-Ala-Ser-Try-Gln-Ser-Ser-Leu-Dox •Acetate (10).

The above intermediate product (9) was dissolved in DMF (20 ml), cooled (0°C) and 10 ml of piperidine added. The solution was concentrated to dryness and purified by preparative HPLC. Buffer A = 15% acetic acid-H₂O; B = 15% acetic acid-methanol. The crude product was dissolved in 300 ml of 10% B/90% A buffer, filtered and purified on a C-18 reverse phase HPLC radial compression column (Waters, µ-Bondapak). A step gradient of 10% B to 60% B was used at a flow rate of 75 ml/min (uv = 260 nm). Semi-pure product was further purified on C-18 (Waters, Prep Pak) using Buffer A = 0.13M pH 3.0 triethylammonium phosphate and Buffer B = acetonitrile. A step gradient of 10% B to 40% B was used at a flow rate of 75 ml/min. (uv = 214 nm). Pure product fractions were pooled, diluted with H2O and desalted by applying the product onto the same column and eluting the product as the actetate salt with 90% acetonitrile/10% H2O (1% acetic acid). The product fractions were concentrated and freeze dried from H2O to yield the purified product (10).

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EXAMPLE 11

Ac-Lys-Tyr-Gln-Ser-Ser-Ser-Nle-NH-(CH2)3 NH-deacetylvinblastine amide (14)

Step A: Deacetylvinblastine-3-aminopropyl amide (11)

To a cooled (-15° C) a DMF solution (3 ml, 0.0624 mmol) of deacetylvinblastine acid azide (synthesis described in Example 9, Step C) was added 120 µl of 1,3-diaminopropane in DMF (2 ml). The reaction was stirred at - 10° C for 1 hr, filtered and concentrated to dryness to yield (11).

Step B: Deacetylvinblastine-3-aminopropylamidenorleucine amide (12)

To a DMF solution (1 ml) of Boc-Nle (22 mg, 0.095 mmol) was added 318 µl of a 1M solution of HOBT (in NMP) followed by 280 µl of a 1M solution of DCC (in NMP). After 30 min., intermediate (11) (0.0624 mmol) was added in a 3.5 ml DMF. The pH of the reaction was adjusted ~ 7.5 with diisopropylethylamine. After stirring for 18 hrs the reaction was concentrated to an oil and the Boc protecting group removed by treating the oil with a 1:1 solution of TFA: CH2Cl2 (20 ml). After 5 min. the reaction was concentrated to dryness. Purification was achieved by preparative HPLC on a C-18 reverse phase support (Waters, Delta Pak). Buffer A = 0.1% TFA-H2O; B= 0.1% TFA-CH3CN. The crude product was loaded in 100% A buffer (100 ml) and a step gradient of 100% A to 30% A was used at a flow rate of 75 ml/min. Homogeneous product fractions were pooled and freeze-dried to yield (12).

Step C: Ac-Lys(Fmoc)-Tyr-Gln-Ser-Ser-Nle-OH (13)

The above intermediate was prepared as described in

Example 9, Step Afor the preparation of Ac-Lys(Fmoc)-Tyr-Gln-Ser-Ser-Ser-Leu-OH.

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Step D: Ac-Lys-Tyr-Gln-Ser-Ser-Nle-NH-(CH₂)₃ NH-deacetylvinblastine amide (14)

The oligopeptide product (13), (70 mg, 0.065 mmol) in DMF (1 ml) was combined with (41 mg, 0.05 mmol) of (12) in DMF (4 ml). The solution was cooled (0° C) and 17 µl of diphenylphosphoryl azide (0.08 mmol) added. After 5 min. an additional 17 µl of DPPA was added and the pH adjusted to ~ 7.5 (pH paper) with triethylamine. After 2 hr. additional (13), 35 mg, was added in DMF (0.5 ml) and 17 µl of DPPA. The pH was maintained at ~ 7.5 with TEA and after 3 hr. an additional 35 mg of (13) was added in DMF (0.5 ml). The reaction was stirred at 0-5° C. After 18 hrs, the reaction was concentrated to dryness, redissolved in DMF (9 ml), cooled (0° C) and 3 ml of piperidine added. The solution was concentrated to dryness and purified by preparative HPLC. Buffer A = 0.1% TFA-H₂O; B= 0.1% TFA-CH₃ CN. The crude product was dissolved in 30% acetic acid - H₂O (100 ml) and purified on a C-18 reverse phase HPLC radial compression column (Waters, Delta Pak). A step gradient of 100% A to 70% A was used at a flow rate of 75 ml/min. Semi-pure product fractions were pooled and freeze-dried. Purification to homogeneity was achieved by repurification on a C-4 support (Waters, Delta Pak) as described above. Product fractions were pooled and freeze dried to yield pure (14).

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EXAMPLE 12

Assessment of the Recognition of Oligopeptide-Doxorubicin Conjugates by Free PSA:

The conjugates prepared as described in Examples 7-9 were individually dissolved in PSA digestion buffer (12 mM tris(hydroxymethyl)-aminomethane pH8.0, 25 mM NaCl, 0.5 mM CaCl₂) and the solution added to PSA at a molar ration of 100 to 1. The reaction is quenched after various reaction times by the addition of trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) to a final 1% (volume/volume). The quenched reaction was analyzed by HPLC on a reversed-phase C18 column using an aqueous 0.1%TFA/acetonitrile gradient. The results of the assessment are shown in Tables 5 and 5a of Figure 5.

EXAMPLE 13

Assessment of the Cleavage of Oligopeptide-Doxorubicin Conjugates in Cell Conditioned Media:

Cell conditioned serum-free α-MEM media (phenol red minus) was collected 3 days after the addition of the media to either LNCaP or Dupro (prepared as described in *J. Urology*, 146:915-919 (1991)) cell lines. The media was concentrated 20 fold using an Amicon® CentriprepTM concentrator with a 10,000 molecular weight cutoff. The LNCaP conditioned media contained free PSA protein at, on average, approximately 100 ng/mL concentration as determined by the Tandem®-E PSA immunodetection kit (Hybritech®). There was no detectable free PSA in the Dupro cell conditioned media.

100 µL portions of concentrated conditioned media was mixed with 35 µg of a oligopeptide-doxorubicin conjugate prepared as described in Example 7 and the mixture was incubated at 37°C for 0, 4 and 24 hour time points. The reactions were stopped by the addition of ZnCl₂ (to a 0.01M final concentration and analyzed by HPLC on a reversed-phase C18 column using an aqueous 0.1%TFA/acetonitrile gradient to

determine the percentage of peptide-cytotoxic agent conjugate that had been digested. The results of the assessment are shown in Table 6 of Figure 6.

EXAMPLE 14

In vitro Assay of Cytotoxicity of Peptidyl Derivatives of Doxorubicin: The cytotoxicities of the cleaveable oligopeptide-doxorubicin conjugates, prepared as described in Example 7, against a line of cells which is known to be killed by unmodified doxorubicin was assessed with an Alamar Blue assay as described in Example 5. Specifically, cell cultures of LNCap prostate tumor cells or DuPRO cells in 96 well plates was diluted with medium containing various concentrations of a given conjugate (final plate well volume of 200µl). The cells were incubated for 3 days at 37°C, 20µl of Alamar Blue is added to the assay well. The cells were further incubated and the assay plates were read on a EL-310 ELISA reader at the dual wavelengths of 570 and 600 nm at 4 and 7 hours after addition of Alamar Blue. Relative percentage viability at the various concentration of conjugate tested was then calculated versus control (no conjugate) cultures. Cytotoxicities of the conjugates were also compared to the cytotoxicity of unmodified doxorubicin and unmodified oligopeptide assessed in the same assay. Results of this assay are shown in Table 7 of Figure 7.

EXAMPLE 15

In vivo Efficacy of Peptidyl -Cytotoxic Agent Conjugates LNCaP.FGC or DuPRO-1 cells are trypsinized, resuspended in the growth medium and centifuged for 6 mins. at 200xg. The cells are resuspended in serum-free α -MEM and counted. The appropriate volume of this solution containing the desired number of cells is then transferred to a conical centrifuge tube, centrifuged as before and resuspended in the appropriate volume of a cold 1:1 mixture of α -MEM-Matrigel. The suspension is kept on ice until the animals are inoculated.

Harlan Sprague Dawley male nude mice (10-12 weeks old) are restrained without anesthesia and are inoculated with 0.5 mL of cell suspension on the left flank by subcutaneous injection using a 22G needle. Mice are either given approximately $5x10^5$ DuPRO cells or $1.5x10^7$ LNCaP.FGC cells.

Following inoculation with the tumor cells the mice are treated under one of two protocols:

Protocol A:

One day after cell inoculation the animals are dosed with a 0.1-0.5 mL volume of test conjugate, doxorubicin or vehicle control (sterile water). Dosages of the conjugate and doxorubicin are initially the maximum non-lethal amount, but may be subsequently titrated lower. Identical doses are administered at 24 hour intervals for 5 days. After 10 days, blood samples are removed from the mice and the serum level of PSA is determined. Similar serum PSA levels are determined at 5-10 day intervals. At the end of 5.5 weeks the mice are sacrificed and weights of any tumors present are measured and serum PSA again determined. The animals' weights are determined at the beginning and end of the assay.

Protocol B:

Ten days after cell inoculation, blood samples are removed from the animals and serum levels of PSA are determined. Animals are then grouped according to their PSA serum levels. At 14-15 days after cell inoculation, the animals are dosed with a 0.1-0.5 mL volume of test conjugate, doxorubicin or vehicle control (sterile water). Dosages of the conjugate and doxorubicin are initially the maximum non-lethal amount, but may be subsequently titrated lower. Identical doses are administered at 24 hour intervals for 5 days. Serum PSA levels are determined at 5-10 day intervals. At the end of 5.5 weeks the mice are sacrificed, weights of any tumors present are measured and serum PSA again determined. The animals' weights are determined at the beginning and end of the assay.

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SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

- (i) APPLICANT: DeFeo-Jones, Deborah
 Feng, Dong-Mei
 Garsky, Victor M.
 Jones, Raymond E.
 Oliff, Allen I.
- (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: NOVEL PEPTIDES
- (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 194
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 - (D) STATE: NEW JERSEY
 - (E) COUNTRY: U.S.A.
 - (F) ZIP: 07065
- (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
 - (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
 - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
 - (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30
- (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER:
 - (B) FILING DATE:
 - (C) CLASSIFICATION:
- (viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
 - (A) NAME: Muthard, David A.
 - (B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 35,297
 - (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 19253ICY
 - (ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
 - (A) TELEPHONE: (908)594-3903
 - (B) TELEFAX: (908)594-4720
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 462 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

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- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

Met Lys Pro Asn Ile Ile Phe Val Leu Ser Leu Leu Ile Leu Glu

Lys Gln Ala Ala Val Met Gly Gln Lys Gly Gly Ser Lys Gly Arg Leu

Pro Ser Glu Phe Ser Gln Phe Pro His Gly Gln Lys Gly Gln His Tyr

Ser Gly Gln Lys Gly Lys Gln Gln Thr Glu Ser Lys Gly Ser Phe Ser

Ile Gln Tyr Thr Tyr His Val Asp Ala Asn Asp His Asp Gln Ser Arg

Lys Ser Gln Gln Tyr Asp Leu Asn Ala Leu His Lys Thr Thr Lys Ser

Gln Arg His Leu Gly Gly Ser Gln Gln Leu Leu His Asn Lys Gln Glu

Gly Arg Asp His Asp Lys Ser Lys Gly His Phe His Arg Val Val Ile

His His Lys Gly Gly Lys Ala His Arg Gly Thr Gln Asn Pro Ser Gln

Asp Gln Gly Asn Ser Pro Ser Gly Lys Gly Ile Ser Ser Gln Tyr Ser

Asn Thr Glu Glu Arg Leu Trp Val His Gly Leu Ser Lys Glu Gln Thr

Ser Val Ser Gly Ala Gln Lys Gly Arg Lys Gln Gly Gly Ser Gln Ser. 185

Ser Tyr Val Leu Gln Thr Glu Glu Leu Val Ala Asn Lys Gln Gln Arg

Glu Thr Lys Asn Ser His Gln Asn Lys Gly His Tyr Gln Asn Val Val

Glu Val Arg Glu Glu His Ser Ser Lys Val Gln Thr Ser Leu Cys Pro

Ala His Gln Asp Lys Leu Gln His Gly Ser Lys Asp Ile Phe Ser Thr 250

- Gln Asp Glu Leu Leu Val Tyr Asn Lys Asn Gln His Gln Thr Lys Asn 260 265 270
- Leu Asn Gln Asp Gln Gln His Gly Arg Lys Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr 275 280 285
- Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu Glu Arg Arg Leu His Tyr Gly Glu Asn Gly 290 295 300
- Val Gln Lys Asp Val Ser Gln Ser Ser Ile Tyr Ser Gln Thr Glu Glu 305 310 315 320
- Lys Ala Gln Gly Lys Ser Gln Lys Gln Ile Thr Ile Pro Ser Gln Glu 325 330 335
- Gln Glu His Ser Gln Lys Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser 340 350
- Thr Glu Glu Arg Arg Leu His Tyr Gly Glu Asn Gly Val Gln Lys Asp 355 360 365
- Val Ser Gln Arg Ser Ile Tyr Ser Gln Thr Glu Lys Leu Val Ala Gly 370 375 380
- Lys Ser Gln Ile Gln Ala Pro Asn Pro Lys Gln Glu Pro Trp His Gly 385 390 395 400
- Glu Asn Ala Lys Gly Glu Ser Gly Gln Ser Thr Asn Arg Glu Gln Asp 405 410 415
- Leu Leu Ser His Glu Gln Lys Gly Arg His Gln His Gly Ser His Gly
 420
 425
- Gly Leu Asp Ile Val Ile Ile Glu Gln Glu Asp Asp Ser Asp Arg His 435 440 445
- Leu Ala Gln His Leu Asn Asn Asp Arg Asn Pro Leu Phe Thr 450 455 , 460
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

Gly Lys Gly Ile Ser Ser Gln Tyr Ser Asn Thr Glu Glu Arg Leu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

Gly Glu Asn Gly Val Gln Lys Asp Val Ser Gln Arg Ser Ile Tyr Ser

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:
 - Gly Glu Asn Gly Val Gln Lys Asp Val Ser Gln Ser Ser Ile Tyr Ser 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 25 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:
 - Gly Arg Lys Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu Glu
 1 5 10 15
 - Arg Arg Leu His Tyr Gly Glu Asn Gly 20 25
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:
- Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu 1
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:
 - Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu
1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu 1 $$ 5 $$ 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (x1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

Ala Gly Pro Thr Gly Ala Ser Ala

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser 1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 12
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "any natural amino acid"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:

Gly Glu Asn Gly Val Gln Lys Asp Val Ser Gln Xaa Ser Ile Tyr Ser 1 5 10 15

Gln Thr Glu

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser 1

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 17 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

Gln Leu Asp Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr His Gln Ser 1 5 10 15

Ser

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:

Asn Arg Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:

Asn Lys Val Ser Tyr Gln Ser

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:

Asn Lys Met Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser 1

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:

Asn Lys Leu Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:

Asn Lys Ile Thr Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser 1

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSI: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:

Asn Lys Ile Ser Phe Gln Ser Ser Ser 1

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:

Asn Lys Ile Ser Trp Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:

Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Asn Ser Ser Ser Thr 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:

Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Thr Ser Ser Thr 1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:

Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:

Gln Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- . (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:

Asn Arg Ile Thr Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser 1

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:

Asn Arg Ile Ser Phe Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:34:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:34:
- Gln Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Thr Ser Ser Thr
 1 5 10
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:35:
 - Asn Arg Ile Ser Trp Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr 1 5 10
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:36:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:36:
 - Asn Arg Ile Ser Tyr Gln Thr Ser Ser Thr 1 5 10
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:37:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:37:

Asn Lys Ile Thr Tyr Gln Thr Ser Ser Thr

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:38:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:38:

Asn Lys Leu Ser Tyr Gln Thr Ser Ser Thr 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:39:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

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- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:39:

Gln Lys Leu Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:40:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:40:

Asn Arg Leu Ser Tyr Gln Thr Ser Ser Thr 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:

Asn Lys Val Ser Phe Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE, amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:

Asn Arg Val Ser Trp Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRAMDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:43:
 - Gln Lys Val Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr 1 5 10
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:44:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:44:

Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:45:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:45:

Gly Glu Gln Gly Val Gln Lys Asp Val Ser Gln Ser Ser Ile Tyr Ser 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:46:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:46:
- Gly Lys Gly Ile Ser Ser Gln Tyr Ser Asn Thr Asp Glu Arg Leu 1 5 10 15
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:47:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:47:
 - Gly Glu Asn Gly Leu Gln Lys Asp Val Ser Gln Ser Ser Ile Tyr Ser 1 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:48:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

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- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:48:

Gly Glu Asn Gly Val Asn Lys Asp Val Ser Gln Ser Ser Ile Tyr Ser 1 5 10 15

Gln Thr Glu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:49:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:49:

Gly Glu Asn Gly Val Gln Arg Asp Val Ser Gln Arg Ser Ile Tyr Ser 1 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:50:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:50:

Gly Glu Asn Gly Val Gln Lys Asp Val Ser Gln Lys Ser Ile Tyr Ser 1 5 10 15

Gln Thr Glu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:51:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:51:

Gly Glu Asn Gly Val Gln Lys Asp Leu Ser Gln Thr Ser Ile Tyr Ser 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:52:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:52:

Gly Glu Asn Gly Val Gln Lys Asp Val Ser Gln Ser Ser Ile Phe Ser 1 5 10 15

Gln Thr Glu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:53:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:53:

Gly Glu Asn Gly Val Gln Lys Asp Met Ser Gln Ser Ser Ile Tyr Thr 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:54:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:54:

Gly Glu Asn Gly Val Gln Lys Asp Val Ser Gln Arg Ser Ile Tyr Thr 1 10 15

Gln Thr Glu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:55:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:55:

Gly Glu Asn Gly Val Gln Lys Asp Val Ser Gln Ser Ser Ile Tyr Ser 1 5 10 15

Gln Ser Glu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:56:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:56:

Gly Glu Asn Gly Val Gln Lys Asp Val Ser Gln Arg Ser Ile Tyr Ser 1 5 10 15

Asn Thr Glu

(2)	INFOR	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:57:
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
	(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
	(iii)	HYPOTHETICAL: NO
	(iv)	ANTI-SENSE: NO
	(v)	FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:57:
	Gly 1	Lys Ala Ile Ser Ser Gln Tyr Ser Asn Thr Glu Glu Arg Le 5 10 15
(2)) INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:58:
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
	(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
	(iii)	HYPOTHETICAL: NO
	(iv)	ANTI-SENSE: NO
	(v)	FRAGMENT FYPE: internal
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:58:
	Gly 1	Lys Gly Ile Ser Ser Gln Tyr Ser Asn Ser Glu Glu Arg Le
12) INFO	RMATION FOR SEC ID NO:59:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:59:
- Gly Arg Gly Ile Ser Ser Gln Tyr Ser Asn Thr Glu Glu Arg Leu

 1 10 15
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:60:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:60:
 - Gly Lys Gly Ile Thr Ser Gln Tyr Ser Asn Thr Glu Glu Arg Leu 1 5 10 15
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:61:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:61:

Gly Lys Gly Ile Ser Thr Gln Tyr Ser Asn Thr Glu Glu Arg Leu 1 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:62:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:62:

Gly Lys Gly Ile Ser Ser Asn Tyr Ser Asn Thr Glu Glu Arg Leu 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:63:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:63:
 - Ala Lys Gly Ile Ser Ser Gln Tyr Ser Asn Thr Glu Glu Arg Leu 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:64:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:64:
 - Gly Lys Gly Ile Ser Ser Gln Phe Ser Asn Thr Glu Glu Arg Leu

 1 10 15
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:65:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:65:
 - Gly Lys Gly Ile Ser Ser Gln Tyr Thr Asn Ser Glu Glu Arg Leu 1 5 10 15
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:66:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:66:

Gly Lys Gly Ile Ser Ser Gln Tyr Ser Asn Ser Glu Glu Arg Leu 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:67:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 25 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:67:

Ser Gln Lys Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu Glu 1 5 10 15

Arg Arg Leu His Tyr Gly Glu Asn Gly 20 25

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:68:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:68:

Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:69:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:69:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:70:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:70:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Leu 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:71:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:71:

Ala Asn Gly Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu

1 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:72:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:72:

Ala Asn Pro Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:73:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid

- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:73:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala Ser Thr Glu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:74:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:74:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Lys Thr Glu

5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:75:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

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- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:75:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:76:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 5
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= d-serine /note= "unnatural configuration of the amino acid"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:76:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:77:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

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- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 4
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= d-isoleucine

/note= "unnatural amino acid stereochemical configuration"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:77:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu

5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:78:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:78:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Gln Thr Glu 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:79:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:79:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala Lys Thr Glu

1 5 . 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:80:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 3
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= d-lysine

/note= "unnatural amino acid stereochemical configuration"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:80:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu
1 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:81:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:81:

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Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Thr Glu 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:82:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:82:
 - Ala Asn Lys Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu
 1 5 10
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:83:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:83:
 - Ala Asn Lys Ile Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu 1 5 10
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:84:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid

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- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:84:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala Ser Thr Glu $1 \hspace{1cm} 5 \hspace{1cm} 10$

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:85:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:85:

Ala Asn Glu Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala Ser Thr Glu 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:86:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:86:

Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:87:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:87:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:88:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:88:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Leu

1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:89:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:89:

Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu
1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:90:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:90:

Glu Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:91:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid

- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:91:

Ala Asn Glu Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:92:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:92:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Tyr Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu

5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:93:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

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- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:93:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Tyr Ser Ala Ser Thr Glu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:94:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:94:

Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Leu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:95:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:95:

Ala Asn Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:96:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:96:

Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:97:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:97:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu 1

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:98:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE · amino acid

- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:98:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala Ser Thr Cys
1 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:99:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:99:

Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu
5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:100:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:100:

Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:101:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:101:

Ser Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:102:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:102:

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Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu
1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:103:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 3
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= unnatural

/note= "ornithine"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:103:

Ala Asn Xaa Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu
1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:104:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 2
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= unnatural

/note= "3,4-dichlorophenalanine"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:104:

Ser Xaa Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:105:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 2
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= unnatural

/note= "(3-pyridinyl)alanine"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:105:

Ser Xaa Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:106:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:106:

Ser Lys Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu

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- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:107:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:107:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu 5 1

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:108:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= unnatural /note= "epsilon aminocaproic acid"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:108:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:109:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 4
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= unnatural
 /note= "N-methylisoleucine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:109:

Ala Asn Lys Xaa Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu
1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:110:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:110:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:111:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:111:

Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:112:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:112:

Ser Tyr Lys Ser Ser Thr Glu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:113:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:113:

Ser Tyr Tyr Ser Ser Thr Glu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:114:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:114:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Leu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:115:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:115:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Leu 1 5 WO 97/12624 PC1/US96/15/13

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- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:116:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= unnatural

/note= "2,3-diaminopropionic acid"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:116:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:117:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:117:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:118:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:118:
- Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala Ser Thr Leu $1 \hspace{1cm} 5 \hspace{1cm} 10$
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:119:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:119:
 - Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala Ser Leu 1 5 10
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:120:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:120:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:121:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:121:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Leu 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:122:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide

- (B) LOCATION: 7
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= d-leucine /note= "unnatural amino acid stereochemical configuration"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:122:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Leu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:123:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:123:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Ala Ser Ser Ser Leu
1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:124:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:124:

Lys Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu

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- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:125:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:125:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Lys Leu 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:126:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 7
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= d-leucine

/note= "unnatural amino acid stereochemical configuration"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:126:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Lys Leu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:127:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:127:

Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Tyr Ser I 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:128:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:128:

Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:129:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:129:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:130:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - . (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:130:

Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:131:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:131:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Tyr Ser 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:132:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:132:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:133:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:133:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:134:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:134:
- Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:135:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:135:
 - Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Leu
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:136:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:136:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:137:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:137:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Tyr Ser Ser 1

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:138:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:138:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Tyr Ser Ala 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:139:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:139:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:140:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:140:

Lys Tyr Gln Ser Ser

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:141:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= homoarginine
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:141:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:142:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:142:

Lys Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:143:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= homoarginine
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:143:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:144:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:144:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:145:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= homoarginine
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:145:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:146:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 7
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= norleucine
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:146:

Lys Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:147:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

```
(ix) FEATURE:
    (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
    (B) LOCATION: 2
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION
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(B) LOCATION: 2
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "cyclohexylalanine"

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide

(B) LOCATION: 1

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "homoarginine"

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide

(B) LOCATION: 5

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:147:

Xaa Xaa Gln Ser Leu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:148:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "homoarginine"
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 2
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "homotyrosine"
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 6
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:148:

Xaa Xaa Gln Ser Ser Leu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:149:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
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- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "homoarginine"
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 2
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "cyclohexylhomoalanine"
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 6
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:149:

Xaa Xaa Gln Ser Ser Leu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:150:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 10
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "cyclohexylalanine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:150:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Xaa 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:151:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid

- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "homoarginine"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:151:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Pro

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:152:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "homoarginine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:152:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser His 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:153:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "homoarginine"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:153:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Asn

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:154:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "homoarginine"
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 7
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:154:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:155:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product=
 - "4-aminomethylphenylalanine"
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 7
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:155:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:156:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "homoarginine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:156:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:157:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 10
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "cyclohexylalanine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:157:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Lys Tyr Gln Ser Ser Xaa 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:158:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product=
- "2(4,6-dimethylpyrimidine)lysine"
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 7
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:158:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:159:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "N'-(2-imidazolyl)lysine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:159:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Leu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:160:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide

- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "homoarginine"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:160:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Leu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:161:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product=
 - "(4-aminocyclohexyl)alanine"
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 7
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:161:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:162:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "N'-(2-imidazolyl)lysine"
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 7

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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "norleucine"
     (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:162:
      Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu
 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:163:
      (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
           (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
           (B) TYPE: amino acid
           (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
           (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
     (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
     (ix) FEATURE:
          (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
           (B) LOCATION: 1
          (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "homoarginine"
    (ix) FEATURE:
          (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
          (B) LOCATION: 2
          (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "cyclohexylalanine"
    (ix) FEATURE:
          (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
          (B) LOCATION: 7
          (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
    (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:163:
     Xaa Xaa Gln Ser Ser Leu
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:164:
     (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
          (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
          (B) TYPE: amino acid
          (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
          (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
   (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
```

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "homoarginine"

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(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide

(B) LOCATION: 7

- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "homoarginine"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:164:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Xaa 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:165:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 5
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "N'-(2-imidazolyl)lysine"
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 10
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:165:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Leu 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:166:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "homoarginine"
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide

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(B) LOCATION: 2

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "3-iodotyrosine"

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 7
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:166:

Xaa Xaa Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:167:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "homoarginine"
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 2
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "O-dimethylphosphotyrosine"
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 7
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:167:

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:168:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

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(ix) FEATURE:
```

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "homoarginine"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:168:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Asp 1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:169:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "homoarginine"
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 2
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "O-methyltyrosine"
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 7
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:169:

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:170:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

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(ix) FEATURE:
```

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 10
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:170:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Lys Tyr Gln Ser Ser Leu 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:171:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "homoarginine"
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 2
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "cyclohexylalanine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:171:

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:172:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "N'-(2-imidazolyl)lysine"
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide

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(B) LOCATION: 2

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "cyclohexylalanine"

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 7
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:172:

Xaa Xaa Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:173:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "homoarginine"
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 2
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "cyclohexylalanine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:173:

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:174:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "homoarginine"

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(ix) FEATURE:
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- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 2
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "cyclohexylalanine"

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "norleucine"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:174:

Xaa Xaa Gln Ser Ser Leu 1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:175:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "homoarginine"

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 2
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "cyclohexylalanine"

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:175:

Xaa Xaa Gln Ser Pro Leu 1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:176:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

```
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
   (ix) FEATURE:
         (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
         (B) LOCATION: 1
         (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "homoarginine"
   (ix) FEATURE:
         (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
          (B) LOCATION: 2
         (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "3-fluorotyrosine"
   (ix) FEATURE:
         (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
          (B) LOCATION: 7
          (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
   (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:176:
    Xaa Xaa Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:177:
     (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
          (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
          (B) TYPE: amino acid
          (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
          (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
    (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
    (ix) FEATURE:
          (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
          (B) LOCATION: 1
          (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "homoarginine"
    (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:177:
     Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Pro
                     5
     1
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:178:
     (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
          (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
          (B) TYPE: amino acid
          (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
          (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
```

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

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(ix) FEATURE:
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- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:178:

Lys Tyr Gln Ser Lys Leu 1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:179:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "homoarginine"
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 2
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "4-aminophenylalanine"
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 7
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "norleucine"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:179:

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:180:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "homoarginine"
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 2
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product=
- *7-HO-tetrahydroisoquinoline CO2H*
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 7
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:180:

Xaa Xaa Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:181:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "ornithine"
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 7
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:181:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:182:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:182:

Lys Ala Ala Ser Ser Ser Leu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:183:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 7
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:183:

Lys Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:184:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:184:

Leu Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:185:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid

- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "homoarginine"
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 2
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "cyclohexylalanine"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:185:

Xaa Xaa Gln Ser Ser

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:186:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 4 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:186:

Tyr Gln Ser Ser

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:187:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 4 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "homoarginine"

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:187:
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Xaa Tyr Gln Ser

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- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:188:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "homoarginine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:188:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser 1

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:189:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 5
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:189:

Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:190:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product=
- "7-HO-tetrahydro-3-isoquinoline CO2H"
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 6
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "norleucine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:190:

Xaa Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:191:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:191:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Ala Ser Ser Leu 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:192:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:192:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Lys Leu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:193:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:193:
 - Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Leu 1
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:194:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "ornithine"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:194:
 - Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A pharmaceutically acceptable salt of an oligopeptide that comprises a sequence of amino acids that is recognized and selectively proteolytically cleaved by free prostate specific antigen.
- 2. The pharmaceutically acceptable salt according to Claim 1 wherein the sequence of amino acids is
- a) AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 13),
- b) LysIleSerTyrGlnlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 14),
- c) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnXaaSerIleTyrlSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 15),
- d) GlyLysGlyIleSerSerGlnTyrlSerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 2),
- e) AsnLysIleSerTyrTyrlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 127),
- f) AsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 128),
- g) SerTyrGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 129);
- h) LysTyrGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 140);
- i) hArgTyrGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 141);

wherein hArg is homoarginine and Xaa is any natural amino acid.

3. The pharmaceutically acceptable salt according to Claim 2 wherein the sequence of amino acids is

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a) AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 16),

b) AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerAla (SEQ.ID.NO.: 130),

c) AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 17),

d) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 18),

e) LysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 19),

f) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnArgSerIleTyrlSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 4),

g) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnSerSerIleTyrlSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 5),

h) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyrlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 131),

i) AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 132),

j) SerTyrGlnlSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 133),

k) SerTyrGlnlSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 134),

l) LysTyrGlnlSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 142),

m) hArgTyrGlnlSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 143), or

n) SerTyrGlnlSerSerLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 135).

4. The pharmaceutically acceptable salt according to Claim 2 wherein the amino acid sequence is

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- a) AsnLysIleSerTyrGln | SerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 10),
- b) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerAla (SEQ.ID.NO.: 136),
- c) AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.:3),
- d) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 11),
- e) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnArgSerIleTyrlSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 4),
- f) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyrlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 137),
- g) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyrlSerAla (SEQ.ID.NO.: 138),
- h) AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnlSerAla (SEQ.ID.NO.: 139), or
- i) AlaSerTyrGlnlSerSerLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 94).
- 5. The pharmaceutically acceptable salt according to Claim 2 wherein the amino acid sequence is
- a) GlyArgLysAlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGluGluArgArg LeuHisTyr GlyGluAsnGly (SEQ.ID.NO.: 6).
- 6. The pharmaceutically acceptable salt according to Claim 1 which is selected from:

AsnArgIleSerTyrGlnlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 21),

AsnLysValSerTyrGln|Ser (SEQ.ID.NO.: 22),

AsnLysMetSerTyrGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 23),

AsnLysLeuSerTyrGlnISerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 24),

AsnLysIleThrTyrGlnlSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 25),

AsnLysIleSerPheGlnlSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 26),

AsnLysIleSerTrpGlnlSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 27), AsnLysIleSerTyrAsnlSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 28), AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlThrSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 29), AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 30), GlnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 31), AsnArgIleThrTyrGlnlSerSerSer (SEO.ID.NO.: 32), AsnArgIleSerPheGlnlSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 33), AsnArgIleSerTrpGlnlSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 35), AsnArgIleSerTyrGlnlThrSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 36), AsnLysIleThrTyrGlnlThrSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 37), AsnLysLeuSerTyrGln|ThrSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 38), GlnLysLeuSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 39), AsnArgLeuSerTyrGlnlThrSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 40), AsnLysValSerPheGlnlSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 41), AsnArgValSerTrpGlnlSerSerSerThr (SEO.ID.NO.: 42), GlnLysValSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 43), GlnLysIleSerTyrGlnlThrSerSerThr(SEQ.ID.NO.: 34), or AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 44).

7. The pharmaceutically acceptable salt according to Claim 1 which is

AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 11) Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 70)

Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 11)
Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrLeu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 70)
Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerAlaSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 73)
Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerLysThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 74)
Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 75)
Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSerGlnThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 78)
Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerAlaLysThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 79)
Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 81)
Ac-AlaAsnLysSerTyrGlnlSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 82)

Ac-AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnlSerAlaSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 84)

Ac-AlaAsnGluIleSerTyrGln|SerAlaSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 85)

Ac-AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSer-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 16)

Ac-LysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSer-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 86)

Ac-SerTyrGlnlSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 87)

Ac-AlaSerTyrGlnlSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 89)

Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyrlSerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 92)

Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyrlSerAlaSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 93)

Ac-AlaSerTyrGlnlSerSerLeu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 94)

Ac-AlaAsnSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 95)

Ac-AlaSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 96)

Ac-SerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 97)

Ac-AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnlSerAlaSerCys-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 98).

- 8. An oligopeptide that comprises a sequence of amino acids that is recognized and selectively proteolytically cleaved by free prostate specific antigen, wherein the sequence of amino acids is:
- a) hArgChaGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 185); and
- b) TyrGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 186);

wherein hArg is homoarginine and Cha is cyclohexylalanine,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

9. An oligopeptide that comprises a sequence of amino acids that is recognized and selectively proteolytically cleaved by free prostate specific antigen, wherein the sequence of amino acids is:

Ac-hArg(Cha)GlnlSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 147)

Ac-hArghTyrGln|SerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 148)

Ac-hArgh(Cha)Gln|SerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 149)

Ac-AlaAspLysAlaSerTyrGlnlSerSer-Cha-NHNH2 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 150) Ac-hArgTyrGlnlSerSerPro-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 151) Ac-hArgTyrGlnlSerSerHis-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.:152) Ac-hArgTyrGlnlSerAsn-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 153) Ac-hArgTyrGlnlSerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 154) Ac-(Amf)TyrGln|SerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 155) H2NCO-hArgTyrGlnlSerSerSerLeu-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 156) Ac-AlaAspLysAlaLysTyrGlnlSerSer(Cha)-NHNH2 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 157) Ac-(DPL)TyrGlnlSerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 158) Ac-(imidazolyl)LysTyrGlnlSerSerLeu-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 159) Ac-AlaAspLysAla(hArg)TyrGln|SerSerLeu-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 160) Ac-(p-NH2-Cha)TyrGlnlSerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 161) Ac(imidazolyl)LysTyrGlnlSerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 162) Ac-hArg(Cha)GlnlSerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 163) Ac-hArgTyrGlnlSerSerSerhArg-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 164) Ac-hArgTyrGlnlSerSerSer(MeLeu) (SEQ.ID.NO.: 188) Ac-hArgTyrGln|SerSerSer(Ethylester-Leu) (SEQ.ID.NO.: 156) Ac-AlaAspLysAla(imidazoleLys)TyrGln|SerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 165) Ac-hArg(3-Iodo-Tyr)GlnlSerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 166) Ac-hArg(Me₂PO₃-Tyr)GlnlSerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 167) Ac-hArgTyrGln|SerSerAsp-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 168) Ac-hArg(O-Me-Tyr)Gln|SerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 169) Ac-AlaAspLysAlaLysTyrGln|SerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 170) Ac-hArg(Cha)GlnlSerSerSer(ethylester-Leu) (SEQ.ID.NO.: 171) Ac-(imidazolyl)Lys(Cha)GlnlSerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 172) Ac-hArg(Cha)GlnlSerSerSer-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 173) Ac-hArg(Cha)GlnlSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 174) Ac-hArg(Cha)GlnlSerProNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 175) or

Ac-hArg(m-fluoro-Tyr)GlnlSerSerSerNle-Acid (SEQ.ID.NO.: 176),

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

- 10. A pharmaceutically acceptable salt of a conjugate which is useful for the treatment of prostate cancer which comprises a cytotoxic agent attached to an oligopeptide, wherein the oligopeptide comprises a sequence of amino acids that is recognized and selectively proteolytically cleaved by free prostate specific antigen, wherein the means of attachment is a covalent bond or a chemical linker.
- 11. The pharmaceutically acceptable salt according to Claim 10 wherein the cytotoxic agent is a member of a class of cytotoxic agents selected from the following classes:
 - a) anthracycline family of drugs,
 - b) the vinca alkaloid drugs,
 - c) the mitomycins,
 - d) the bleomycins,
 - e) the cytotoxic nucleosides,
 - f) the pteridine family of drugs,
 - g) diynenes,
 - h) estramustine,
 - i) cyclophosphamide,
 - j) the podophyllotoxins, and
 - k) the taxanes.
- 12. The pharmaceutically acceptable salt according to Claim 10 wherein the cytotoxic agent is selected from the following cytotoxic agents:
 - a) doxorubicin,
 - b) carminomycin,
 - c) daunorubicin,
 - d) aminopterin,
 - e) methotrexate,
 - f) methopterin,
 - g) dichloro-methotrexate,
 - h) mitomycin C,
 - i) porfiromycin,

- j) 5-fluorouracil,
- k) 6-mercaptopurine,
- 1) cytosine arabinoside,
- m) podophyllotoxin,
- n) etoposide,
- o) etoposide phosphate,
- p) melphalan,
- q) vinblastine,
- r) vincristine,
- s) leurosidine,
- t) vindesine,
- u) estramustine,
- v) cisplatin,
- w) cyclophosphamide,
- x) leurosine, and
- y) taxol.
- 13. The pharmaceutically acceptable salt according to Claim 10 wherein the cytotoxic agent is selected from doxorubicin and vinblastine or a cytotoxic derivative thereof.
- 14. The pharmaceutically acceptable salt according to Claim 10 wherein the cytotoxic agent is doxorubicin or a cytotoxic derivative thereof.
- 15. The pharmaceutically acceptable salt according to Claim 14 of the formula I:

wherein:

oligopeptide is an oligopeptide which is specifically recognized by the free prostate specific antigen (PSA) and is capable of being proteolytically cleaved by the enzymatic activity of the free prostate specific antigen;

XL is absent or is an amino acid selected from:

- a) phenylalanine,
- b) leucine,
- c) valine,
- d) isoleucine,
- e) (2-naphthyl)alanine,
- f) cyclohexylalanine,
- g) diphenylalanine,
- h) norvaline,
- i) norleucine, and
- j) 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid;

R is hydrogen or $-(C=O)R^1$; and

R¹ is C₁-C₆-alkyl or aryl.

16. The pharmaceutically acceptable salt according to Claim 15 wherein:

oligopeptide is an oligomer that comprises an amino acid sequence selected from:

- a) AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 13),
- b) LysIleSerTyrGlnlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 14),
- c) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnXaaSerIleTyrlSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 15),
- d) GlyLysGlyIleSerSerGlnTyrlSerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 2),
- e) AsnLysIleSerTyrTyrlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 127),
- f) AsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnlSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 128),
- g) SerTyrGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 129),
- h) LysTyrGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 140); and
- i) hArgTyrGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 141);

wherein hArg is homoarginine and Xaa is any natural amino acid;

XL is absent or is an amino acid selected from:

- a) leucine,
- b) isoleucine,
- c) norleucine and

- 169 -

d) valine; and

R is acetyl, pivaloyl or benzoyl,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

17. The pharmaceutically acceptable salt according to Claim 14 which is selected from:

- 170 -

wherein X is:

AsnLyslieSerTyrGinSer— (SEQ.ID.NO.: 13),

AsnLyslieSerTyrGinSerSer— (SEQ.ID.NO.: 16),

AsnLyslieSerTyrGinSerSerSer— (SEQ.ID.NO.: 17),

AsnLyslieSerTyrGinSerSerSerThr— (SEQ.ID.NO.: 10),

AsnLyslieSerTyrGinSerSerSerThrGiu— (SEQ.ID.NO.: 3),

AlaAsnLyslieSerTyrGinSerSerSerThrGiu— (SEQ.ID.NO.: 11),

N-terminus

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18. A conjugate which is useful for the treatment of prostate cancer of the formula I:

wherein:

oligopeptide is an oligomer that comprises an amino acid sequence selected from:

a) hArgChaGlnlSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 185); and

b) TyrGlniSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 186);

wherein hArg is homoarginine and Cha is cyclohexylalanine;

XL is absent or is an amino acid selected from:

- a) leucine,
- b) isoleucine,
- c) norleucine and
- d) valine; and

R is acetyl, pivaloyl or benzoyl,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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A conjugate which is useful for the treatment of 19. prostate cancer which is selected from:

Ac-hArgTyrGln-SerSerPro-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 151)

Ac-hArgTyrGln-SerPro-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 177)

Ac-hArgTyrGln-SerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 154)

Ac-AmfTyrGln-SerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 155)

H2NCO-hArgTyrGln-SerSerSerLeu-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 156)

Ac-LysTyrGln-SerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 146)

Ac-LysTyrGln-SerLysNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 178)

Ac(cis-p-NH2Cha)TyrGlnSerSerNledox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 161)

Ac-AlaAspLysAla(hArg)TyrGln-SerSerLeu-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 160)

Ac-hArgTyrGln-SerAsn-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 153)

Ac-hArgTyrGln-SerSerHis-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 152)

Ac-(imidazolyl)LysTyrGln-SerSerLeu-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 159)

Ac-(imidazolyl)LysTyrGlnSerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 162)

Ac-hArg(Cha)Gln-SerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 163)

Ac-hArg(Me2PO3Tyr)Gln-SerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 167)

Ac-hArgTyrGln-SerSerSerhArg-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 164)

Ac-hArg(3-Iodo-Tyr)Gln-SerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 166)

Ac-hArg(O-Me-Tyr)Gln-SerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 169)

Ac-hArg(p-NH2-Phe)Gln-SerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 179)

Ac-hArg(Cha)Gln-SerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 174)

Ac-hArg(Cha)Gln-SerProNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 175)

Ac(imidazolyl)Lys(Cha)GlnSerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 172)

Ac-hArg(7-HO-TIC)Gln-SerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 180)

Ac-hArg(3-Fluoro)TyrGlnSerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 176)

Ac-(ornithine)TyrGln-SerSerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 181)

Ac-LysAlaAlaSerSerSerLeu-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 183)

Ac-hArgh(Cha)Gln-SerSerNle-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 149)

Ac-AlaArgLysAlaSerTyrGln-SerLeu-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 193) and

Ac-(Orn)TyrGln-SerSerSerLeu-dox(3') (SEQ.ID.NO.: 194)

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

20. A conjugate which is useful for the treatment of prostate cancer of the formula II:

wherein:

oligopeptide is an oligopeptide which is specifically recognized by the free prostate specific antigen (PSA) and is capable of being proteolytically cleaved by the enzymatic activity of the free prostate specific antigen;

XL is absent or is an amino acid selected from:

- a) phenylalanine,
- b) leucine,
- c) valine,
- d) isoleucine,
- e) (2-naphthyl)alanine,
- f) cyclohexylalanine,
- g) diphenylalanine,
- h) norvaline,
- i) norleucine, and

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j) 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid; or

 X_L is - NH - (CH₂)_n - NH -

R is hydrogen or $-(C=O)R^1$;

R¹ is C₁-C₆-alkyl or aryl;

R¹⁹ is hydrogen or acetyl; and

n is 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

21. The pharmaceutically acceptable salt of a conjugate according to Claim 20 of the formula II:

wherein:

oligopeptide is an oligopeptide which is specifically recognized by the free prostate specific antigen (PSA) and is capable of being proteolytically cleaved by the enzymatic activity of the free prostate specific antigen,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

22. The conjugate according to Claim 20 which is selected from:

and

Compound 5

(SEQ.ID.NO.: 184),

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

23. A conjugate which is useful for the treatment of prostate cancer which comprises two cytotoxic agents attached to a oligopeptide, wherein the oligopeptide comprises a sequence of amino acids that is recognized and selectively proteolytically cleaved by free prostate specific antigen, wherein the means of attachment is a covalent bond or a chemical linker,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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24. The conjugate according to Claim 23 which is

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

1:	MetLysProAsnIieIIePheValLeuSerLeuLeuLeuIIeLeuGiuLysGinAlaAla -
21:	ValMetGlyGlnLysGlyGlySerLysGlyArgLeuProSerGluPheSerGlnPhePro -
41:	HisGlyGInLysGlyGInHisTyrSerGlyGInLysGlyLysGInGInThrGIuSerLys -
61:	GlySerPheSerIleGInTyrThrTyrHisValAspAlaAsnAspHisAspGInSerArg -
81:	LysSerGInGInTyrAspLeuAsnAlaLeuHisLysThrThrLysSerGInArgHisLeu -
101:	GlyGlySerGlnGlnLeuLeuHisAsnLysGlnGluGlyArgAspHisAspLysSerLys -
121:	GlyHisPheHisArgValValIleHisHisLysGlyGlyLysAlaHisArgGlyThrGln -
141:	CS#5 AsnProSerGInAspGInGIyAsnSerProSerGIyLysGIyIIeSerSerGInTyr Ser -
161:	AsnThrGluGluArgLeuTrpValHisGlyLeuSerLysGlnGlnThrSerValSerGly -
181:	AlaGInLysGlyArgLysGInGlyGlySerGInSerSerTyrValLeuGInThrGluGlu -
201:	LeuValAlaAsnLysGInGInArgGluThrLysAsnSerHisGInAsnLysGlyHisTyr -
221:	GInAsnValValGluValArgGluGluHisSerSerLysValGinThrSerLeuCysPro -
241:	AlaHisGInAspLysLeuGInHisGlySerLysAspIlePheSerThrGInAspGluLeu -
261:	LeuValTyrAsnLysAsnGlnHisGlnThrLysAsnLeuAsnGlnAspGlnGlnHisGly - CS#3
281:	ArgLysAlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGInSerSerSerThrGluGluArgArgLeuHisTyr -
301:	GlyGluAsnGlyValGInLysAspValSerGInSerSerIleTyrSerGInThrGluGlu -
321:	LysAlaGInGlyLysSerGInLysGInlleThrIleProSerGInGluGInGluHisSer - CS#1
341:	GinLysAloAsnLysIleSerTyrGInSerSerSerThrGluGluArgArgLeuHisTyr - CS#2
361:	GlyGluAsnGlyValGInLysAspValSerGInArgSerIleTyrSerGInThrGluLys -
381:	LeuValAlaGlyLysSerGlnIleGlnAlaProAsnProLysGlnGluProTrpHisGly -
401:	GluAsnAlaLysGlyGluSerGlyGlnSerThrAsnArgGluGlnAspLeuLeuSerHis -
421:	GluGInLysGlyArgHisGInHisGlySerHisGlyGlyLeuAspIleValIleIleGlu -
441:	GInGluAspAspSerAspArgHisLeuAlaGInHisLeuAsnAsnAspArgAsnProLeu -
461:	PheThr -

FIG.1

	•		PERCE	NT PEPT	DE HYD	ROLYSI:	S
			TIME	OF INCL	<u>JBATION</u>	L (HOUR	<u>S)</u>
	PEPTIDE	0.5	1	2	3	4	20
1	SYQSSSTE	ND	. 0	ND	0	ND	0
2	. ISYQSSSTE	ND	0	ND	0	ND	0
3	. KISYQSSSTE	ND	10	ND	30	ND	90
4	. NKISYQSSSTE	ND	30	ND	70	ND	100
5	. NKISYQSSST	ND	20	30	ND	ND	100
6	. ANKISYQSSSTE	15	25	ND	ND	80	100
7	. ANKISYQSSS	4	6	16	30	45	ND
8	. NKISYQSSS	2	6	22	44	55	ND
9	. ANKISYQSS	1	ND	12	ND	39	ND
10	. GRKANKISYQS-	20	50	ND	ND	90	100

ND = NOT DETERMINED

SSTEERRLHYGENG

FIG. 2

<u>PEPTIDE</u>	SALT	SEQ. ID. NO	% PEPTIDE CLEAVED
			AT 4 HRS BY YORK PSA
SEMENOGELIN (463 aa)			100 (30 MIN)
GRKANK1SYQ-SSSTEERRLHYGENG	TFA	6	100 (2 HRS)
SQKANKISYQ-SSSTEERRLHYGENG	TFA	67	100 (3 HRS)
ANKISYQ-SSSTE	TFA	11	98
ISYQ-SSST	TFA	68	0
NKISYQ-SSST	TFA	10	62
NK I SYQ-SSSTE	TFA	3	90
KISYQ-SSSTE	TFA	9	49
SYQ-SSSTE	TFA	7	0 (3 HRS)
ISYQ-SSSTE	TFA	8	0
NKISYQ-SSS	TFA	17	55
ANKISYQ-SSS	TFA	18	45
ANK1SYQ-SS	TFA	69	39
runtore do	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
ANK I SYQ-SSSSTE-ami de	TFA	11	43
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSSTL	TFA	70	57
710 711117014 00012			
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSSTE-ami de	TFA	11	40
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSSTL-amide	TFA	70	46
Ac-ANGISYQ-SSSTE-amide		71	0
Ac-ANPISYQ-SSSTE-amide	<u> </u>	72	0
Ac-ANKISYQ-SASTE-ami de	TFA	73	66
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSKTE-amide	TFA	74	80
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSTE-amide	TFA	75	44
Ac-ANKI(dS)YQ-SSSTE-amide	TFA	76	9
Ac-ANK(dI)SYQ-SSSTE-amide	TFA	77	0
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSQTE-amide	TFA	78	55
Ac-ANKISYQ-SAKTE-amide	TFA	79	80
Ac-AN(dK) ISYQ-SSSTE-amide	TFA	80	3
Ac-ANKISYQ-STE-amide	TFA	81	28
Ac-ANKIYQ-SSTE-amide	TFA	82	0
Ac-ANKSYQ-SSTE-amide	TFA	83	10
Ac-ANKASYQ-SASTE-omide	TFA	84	98
Ac-ANE I SYQ-SASTE-ami de		85	10
Ac-NKISYQ-SS-amide	TFA	16	30
Ac-KISYQ-SS-amide	TFA	86	15
Ac-SYQ-SSTE-amide		87	65
Ac-SYQ-SSTL-acid		88	83
Ac-ASYQ-SSTE-amide		89	68
Ac-EISYQ-SSSTE-omide		90	0
Ac-ANE I SYQ-SSSTE-ami de		91	0

PEPTIDE	SALT	SEQ. ID. NO	% PEPTIDE CLEAVED
			AT 4 HRS BY YORK PSA
			THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH
Ac-ANKISYY-SSSTE-omide	TFA	92	73
Ac-ANKISYY-SASTE-amide	TFA	93	91
Ac-ASYQ-SSL-acid		94	71
Ac-ANSYQ-SSSTE-amide		95	28
Ac-ASYQ-SSSTE-amide		96	64
Ac-SYQ-SSSTE-amide		97	50
Ac-ANKASYQ-SASTC-amide	TFA	98	78
Ac-Q-SSTE-amide		99	0
Ac-YQ-SSTE-omi de		100	0
Ac-SQ-SSTE-ami de		101	0
Ac-ANKISQ-SSTE-amide	TFA	102	<u>0</u>
Ac-AN(ORN) ISYQ-SSTE-amide	TFA	103	34
Ac-S(3 PAL)Q-SSTE-amide		104	4
Ac-S(3,4-C12F)Q-SSTE-amide		105	6
Ac-SKQ-SSTE-amide	TFA	106	0
Ac-SYQ-SSTL-acid		88	81
Ac-SYQ-SSSL-acid		107	98
(e-ACA)-YQ-SSSL-amide	AA	108	0
ANK(N-Me-1)SYQ-SSTE-amide	TFA	109	0
SYQ-SSTE-amide		110	0
HO(CH2)2CO-YQ-SSTE-amide		111	0
Ac-SYK-SSTE-ami de	TFA	112	5
Ac-SYY-SSTE-amide		113	93
Ac-SYQ-SSL-NHNH2		114	32
Ac-SYQ-SSL-acid		115	72
DAP-YQ-SSSL-amide	AA	116	0

FIG.3A

DEDITION	CALT	CEO ID NO	THE TO DELLE COM
PEPTIDE	SALT	SEU. IU.NO.	TIME TO CLEAVE 50%
	ļ		OF SUBSTRATE BY
	ļ		YORK PSA
051010051 111 (103	ļ		
SEMONOGEL IN (463 aa)			100% AT 30 MIN
Ac-hR(Cha)Q-SNN1e-acid	TFA	149	4 HR = 0% (PS)
Ac-hR(Cha)Q-SNIe-acid	TFA	147	200 (PS)
Ac-hRhYQ-SSN1e-acid	TFA	148	95 (PS)
Ac-ANKASYQ-SS-Cha-NHNH2	TFA	150	>240 (4 HR = 31%)
Ac-hRYQ-SSP-acid	TFA	151	30
hRYQ-SSH-acid_	TFA	152	>240 (4 HR = 0%)
Ac-hRYQ-SSH-acid	TFA	152	60
hRYQ-SP-acid	TFA	177	>240 (4 HR = 0%)
Ac-hRYQ-SP-acid	TFA	177	>240 (4 HR = 0%)
Ac-hRYQ-SN-ocid	TFA	153	90
Ac-hRYQ-S-acid	TFA	187	>240 (4 HR = 0%)
Ac-hRYQ-SSSN1e-acid		154	40
Ac-(Amf)YQ-SSSNIe-acid		155	50
NH2CO-hRYQ-SSSL-acid	TFA	156	60
Ac-ANKAKYQ-SS(Cha)-NHNH2	TFA	157	240
Ac-(DPL)YQ-SSSNIe-acid	TFA	158	120
Ac-(imidazolyl)KYQ-SSL-acid	TFA	159	25
Ac-ANKA(hR)YQ-SSL-acid	TFA	160	105
Ac-(p-NH2-Cha)YQ-SSSN1e-acid	TFA	161	140
Ac-(imidazoyl)KYQSSSNIe-acid	TFA	162	25
Ac-hR(Cha)Q-SSSN1e-acid	TFA	163	120
Ac-hRYQ-SSShR-acid	TFA	164	70
Ac-hRYQ-SSS(MeL)	TFA	188	90
Ac-hRYQ-SSS(Ethylester-L)		156	85
Ac-ANKA(imidazolyl)KYQ-SSN1e-acid	TFA	165	95
Ac-hR(3-lodo-Y)Q-SSSNle-acid	TFA	166	55
Ac-hR(Me2PO3-Y)Q-SSSN1e-acid	TFA	167	4 HR = 0%
Ac-hRYQ-SSD-acid	TFA	168	25
Ac-hR(O-Me-Y)Q-SSSN1e-acid	TFA	169	4 HR = 0%
Ac-ANKAKYQ-SSN1e-acid	TFA	170	80
Ac-hR(Cha)Q-SSS(ethylester-L)		171	4 HR = 36%
Ac-(imidazolyl)K(Cha)Q-SSSNle-acid	TFA	172	180 (PS)
Ac-hR(TIC)Q-SSSNIe-acid	TFA	179	4 HR = 0%
Ac-Q-SSSN1e-acid	TFA	189	4 HR = 0%
Ac-hR(Cha)Q-SSS-acid	TFA	173	120
Ac-hR(Cha)Q-SSNIe-acid	TFA	174	60 (PS)
Ac-hR(Cha)Q-SPNIe-acid	TFA	175	4 HR = 12%
Ac-hR(m-fluoro-Y)Q-SSSNle-acid	TFA	176	100
Ac-(7-H0-TIC)Q-SSSN1e-acid	TFA	190	4 HR = 0%

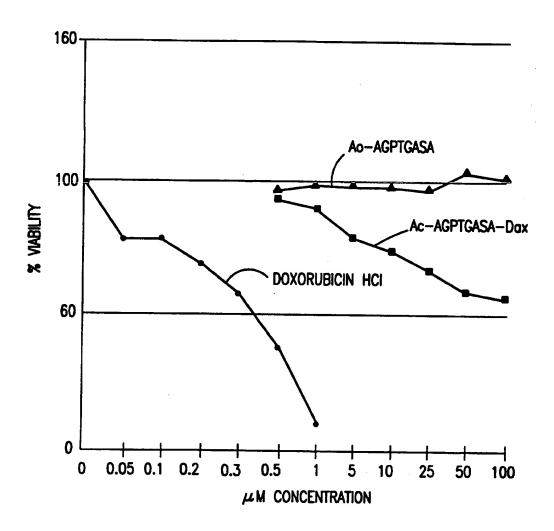


FIG.4

DOXORUBICIN-COGENER	SALT	SEQ. ID. NO.	% PEPTIDE CLEAVED
			AT 4 HOURS BY YORK PSA
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSST-DOX (3')	TFA	117	20(1 HR) NO SAMPLE LEFT
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSSTL-DOX (3')	TFA	70	87
Ac-ANKASYQ-SASTL-DOX (3')	AA	118	NA
Ac-ANKASYQ-SASL-DOX (3')	AA	119	100 (3 HR)
Ac-ANKASYQ-SSSL-DOX (3')	AA	120	100 (3 HR)
Ac-ANKASYQ-SSL-DOX (3')	AA	121	91
Ac-SYQ-SST(dL)-DOX (3')		122	17
Ac-SYQ-SSSL-DOX (3')		107	95 (PS)
Ac-ANKASYA-SSSL-DOX (3')	AA	123	0
Ac-KYQ-SSSL-DOX (3')	AA	124	98 (PS)
Ac-SYQ-SSKL-DOX (3')	AA	125	88
Ac-SYQ-SSK(dL)-DOX(3')	AA	126	87

FIG.5

DOVODUDIO IN COCCUED	1 000 =	T	
DOXORUBICIN-COGENER	SALT	SEQ. ID. NO.	IIME TO CLEAVE 50%
	ļ		OF SUBSTRATE BY YORK PSA
	ļ	<u> </u>	·
Ac-(ORN)YQ-SSSN1e-DOX (3')	AA	181	4 HR = 20%
Ac-KAASSSL-DOX (3')	AA	182	10X [ENZ] 20 HR = 11%
Ac-hRh(Cha)Q-SSNIe-DOX (3')	AA	149	4 HR = 30%
Ac-hRYQ-SSP-DOX (3')		151	45
Ac-hRYQ-SP-DOX (3')		177	>240 (4 HR = 0%)
Ac-hRYQ-SSSNI e-DOX (3')		154	190 (PS)
Ac-AmfYQ-SSSNIe-DOX (3')		155	110 (PS)
NH2CO-hRYQ-SSSL-DOX (3')		156	105
Ac-KYQ-SSNIe-DOX (3')	AA	146	>240 (4 HR = 36%) (PS)
Ac-KYQ-SKN1e-DOX (3')	AA	178	>240 (4 HR = 20%) (NO PROD)
Ac-(cis-p-NH2Cha)YQSSN1eDOX(3')		161	240 (PS)
Ac-ANKA(hR)YQ-SSL-DOX (3')		160	60
Ac-hRYQ-SN-DOX (3')	AA	153	90 (PS)
Ac-hRYQ-SSH-DOX (3')	AA	152	110
Ac-(imidozolyl)KYQ-SSL-DOX (3')		159	150
Ac-(imidazolyl)KYQSSSNle-DOX (3')		162	60
Ac-hR(Cha)Q-SSSN1e-DOX (3')		163	130
Ac-hR(Me2PO3Y)Q-SSSNIe-DOX (3')		167	4 HR = 0%
Ac-hRYQ-SSShR-DOX (3')		164	50
Ac-hR(3-lodo-Y)Q-SSSNIe-DOX (3')		166	4 HR = 0% (PS)
Ac-hR(0-Me-Y)Q-SSSNIE-DOX (3')		169	4 HR = 20% (PS)
Ac-hR(p-NH2-F)Q-SSSN1e-DOX(3')		179	90 (PS)
Ac-hR(Cha)Q-SSN1e-DOX (3')		174	120
Ac-hR(Cha)Q-SPN1e-DOX (3')		175	4 HR = 0%
Ac(imidazolyl)K(Cha)QSSSNIeDOX(3')		172	180
Ac-hR(TIC)Q-SSSNIe-DOX (3')		180	4 HR = 14%
Ac-hR(3-Fluoro)YQSSSNIeDOX (3')		176	4 HR = 26%
desAc-vinblastine-LNKASYQ-SSL-DOX	AA	184	70 (PS)
Ac-ANKASYQ-SL-DOX (3')	TFA	193	90
Ac-(ORN)YQ-SSSNIe-DOX (3')	TFA	194	120

FIG.5A

DOXORUBIC IN CONCENER	SALT	SEQ. 10.NO.	% PEPTIDE CLEAVED/	% PEPTIDE CLEAVED/
			LINCOP MEDIA 4 HR	DuPRO MEDIA 4 HR
	₩	119	92	13
AC-ANKASYQ-SSSL-DOX (3')	₹	121	86	13
AC-ANKASYQ-SSL-DOX (3')		122	95	27
Ac-SYQ-SSSL-DOX (3')		107	63	0

FIG. 6

CYTOTOXIC AGENT-COGENER	SALT	SEO. ID. NO	LNCOP CELL KILL
	JALI	N.W. IV.IV	EC50 (MM)
			LCOO (Mill)
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSST-DOX(3')	TFA	117	>100
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSSTL-DOX(3')	TFA	70	8.4
Ac-ANKASYQ-SASTL-DOX(3')	AA	118	31
Ac-ANKASYQ-SASL-DOX(3')	AA	119	16 (DuPRO > 100)
Ac-ANKASYQ-SSSL-DOX(3')	AA	120	15
Ac-ANKASYQ-SSL-DOX(3')	AA	121	6.5 (DuPRO = 117)
Ac-SYQ-SSSL-DOX(3')	1	144	20 (DuPRO > 100) (PS)
Ac-ANKASYA-SSSL-DOX(3')	AA	191	>100
Ac-KYQ-SSSL-DOX(3')	AA	124	6.5 (DuPRO>100)(PS)
Ac-SYQ-SSKL-DOX(3')	AA	192	11.8 (DuPRO>100)
Ac-SYQ-SSK(dL)-DOX(3')	AA	.02	>100 (DuPRO>100)
Ac-hRYQ-SSSL-DOX(3')	AA	145	6.4 (DuPRO>100)
Ac-KYQ-SSSNIe-DOX(3')	AA	183	4.4 (DuPRO>100)
Ac-(ORN)YQ-SSSNIe-DOX(3')	I AA	181	3.3 (DuPRO = 65)
Ac-hRh(Cho)Q-SSNIe-DOX(3')	AA	149	3.3 (Dar NO = 03)
o-Me-A-DX(3')	AA		7.0 (DuPRO = 20.8)
M-DOX(3')	AA		6.0 (DuPRO = 13.8)
			4.9(DuPRO = 33.3)
G-DOX(3')	AA		>100 (DuPRO>100)
N-methyl-G-DOX(3')	AA		39.0 (DuPRO = 58.8)
NH2(CH2)5-CO-DOX(3')	AA		59.2 (DuPRO > 100)
Ac-hRYQ-SSP-DOX(3')		151	[33.3(DuPR=100)]
Ac-hRYQ-SP-DOX(3')		177	25.2 (DuPRO = 44.5)
Ac-hRYQ-SSSNIe-DOX(3')		154	4.4(DuPRO = 41.0)(PS)
Ac-AmfYQ-SSSNIe-DOX(3')		155	7.6(DuPRO>100)(PS)
NH2CO-hRYQ-SSSL-DOX(3')		156	35.7 (DuPRO>100)
Ac-KYQ-SSNIe-DOX(3')	AA	146	4.6(DuPRO = 76.9)(PS)
Ac-KYQ-SKN1e-DOX(3')	AA	178	5.7(DuPRO>>100){3.6}
Ac-(cis-p-NH2Cha)YQSSNIeDOX(3')		161	9.8(DuPRO = 47.1)(PS)
Ac-ANKA(hR)YQ-SSL-DOX(3')		160	7.3(DuPRO>>100)
AchRYQ-SN-DOX(3')	AA	153	70.4(DuPRO = 75.0)
Ac-hRYQ-SSH-DOX(3')	AA	152	25.4 (DuPRO = 35.7)
Ac-(imidazoly1)KYQ-SSL-DOX(3')	AA	159	6.3(DuPRO = 12.8)(PS)
Ac-(imidazoly1)KYQSSSN1e-DOX(3')		162	3.2 (DuPRO = 23)
Ac-bo/cha/O cccnii. Boy/a/			(PS AT 50 mM)
Ac-hR(Cha)Q-SSSN1e-DOX(3')		163	2.3 (DuPRO >>100)
Ac-hR(Me2P03Y)Q-SSSN1e-D0X(3')		167	8.0 (DuPRO>100)
Ac-hRYQ-SSShR-DOX(3')		164	32 (DuPRO>100)
Ac-hR(3-lodo-Y)Q-SSSN1e-DOX(3')		166	12.8 (DuPRO = 60.8)
Ac-hR(0-Me-Y)Q-SSSNIe-DOX(3')		169	7.4 (DuPRO = 13.5)

CYTOTOXIC AGENT-COGENER	CALT	CEO ID NO	140 0 0511 1411
CITOTONIC ADDITI-COUNTRY	SALT	SEQ. ID. NO	LNCOP CELL KILL
	<u></u>		EC50 (LOM)
Ac-hR(p-NH2-F)Q-SSSN1e-DOX(3')		179	7.5 (DuPRO>100)
Ac-hR(Cha)Q-SSN1e-DOX(3')		174	3.4 (DuPRO>100)
Ac-hR(Cha)Q-SPNIe-DOX(3')		175	12.3 (DuPRO>100)
Ac-ANKASYQ-SL-DOX(3')	TFA	193	10 (DuPRO>100)
Ac-(ORN)YQ-SSSN1e-DOX(3')	TFA	194	7.0 (DuPRO>100)
Ac-(imidazolyl)K(Cha)QSSSN1eDOX(3')		172	4.0 (DuPRO>100)(PS)
Ac-hR(TIC)Q-SSSNIe-DOX(3')		180	3.2(DuPRO = 50.9)
Ac-hR(3-Fluoro)YQSSSNIeDOX(3')		176	3.2(DuPRO = 58.8)
vinblastine			0.5(DuPRO = 85)
DAP-desAc-vinblastine	TFA		150 (DuPRO>>100)
Ac-KYQ-SSSN1e-DAP-desAc-vinblastine	TFA	183	14.7(DuPRO>>100) {4.8}
NIe-DAP-desAc-vinblastine	TFA		5.9(DuPRO>100)
desAc-vinblastine-LNKASYQ-SSSL-amide	AA	184	1.6(DuPRO>>100)

FIG.7A

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

In ational application No. PCT/US96/15713

1 .	ASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER		
IPC(6) US CL	: A61K 38/00; C07K 5/10, 7/06, 14/00 :530/327, 328, 329, 330; 514/15, 16, 17, 18		
	to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to b	oth national classification and IPC	
	LDS SEARCHED		
Minimum d	documentation searched (classification system follo	wed by classification symbols)	
	530/327, 328, 329, 330; 514/15, 16, 17, 18	,	
	tion searched other than minimum documentation to	the extent that such documents are include	d in the fields searched
CAS, FI	LE REG, APS		·
Electronic o	data base consulted during the international search	(name of data base and, where practicable	e, search terms used)
C. DOC	UMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where	appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
x	LILJA et al. Semenogelin, The Pre	edominant Protein in Human	8
Υ	Semen. Journal of Biological Ch	emistry. 25 January 1989,	
	Vol. 264, No. 3, pages 1894-19 Figure 2.	900, especially page 1897,	1-7
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			and 24
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	r documents are listed in the continuation of Box	C. See patent family annex.	
A* docu	ini categories of cited documents: mont defining the general state of the art which is not considered t of particular relevance	"T" Inter document published after the inter- date and not in conflict with the applicat principle or theory underlying the inver-	ion but cited to understand the
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